



ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT AND ANNUAL FIRE SAFETY REPORT

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INTRODUCTION

The Chief of Campus Police, or his/her designee, will compile data, review policies, and prepare the annual report pursuant to the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act and other applicable laws and regulations. The Chief will work with appropriate Eastern Oklahoma State College (EOSC) departments and individuals to compile and to create the necessary information for the annual report. In addition, this group will work with local law enforcement agencies to collect statistical data for inclusion in the report.

The Clery Act is a federal law requiring all institutions of higher education receiving federal financial assistance under the programs authorized under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 to disclose certain timely and annual information about campus crime and security policies.

The following are specific policies, practices and procedures to help ensure Eastern's compliance:

- Policies regarding procedures and facilities for students and others to report criminal actions or other emergencies on campus and regarding the college's response to such reports. Reports should be made to Campus Police or other Campus Security Authorities including: Any official who has significant responsibilities for student and campus activities, including student housing, student discipline, student activities, club sponsors, team coaches, etc.
- Campus law enforcement policies, including enforcement authority, and policies encouraging accurate and prompt reporting of crimes.
- Description of the type and frequency of educational programs.
- Annual reporting of statistics concerning the occurrence on campus, in or on non-campus buildings or property and on public property contiguous to campus, the following criminal offenses are reported: murder, forcible or non-forcible sex offenses, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, manslaughter, arson, crimes of domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, arrests of persons referred for campus disciplinary action for law violations, drug-related violations and weapons violations, and crimes in which the victim is intentionally selected because of actual or perceived race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity or disability.
- Policy concerning the monitoring and recording through local police agencies of criminal activity at off-campus student organizations recognized by the college that are engaged in by students, including student organizations with off-campus housing facilities.
- Policy regarding possession, use and sale of illegal drugs and enforcement of federal and state drug laws.
- Description of drug and alcohol abuse education programs.
- Campus sexual assault programs and procedures to prevent sex offenses.

NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY OF ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT

The Federal Student Right-to-Know, Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act, now cited as the "Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act" and herein identified as the "Clery Report," requires institutions of higher education to annually prepare and publish a report concerning campus crime statistics and security policies. The report is distributed

through appropriate publications, mailings, or computer networks to all current students and employees, as well as to all prospective students and employees upon request. The report contains annual specific campus crime and arrest statistics and campus policies and practices intended to promote crime awareness, campus safety and security. This report is prepared by the Chief of Campus Police.

Copies of this report may be obtained by visiting:

The Eastern Oklahoma State College Campus Police at Student Services

<http://www.eosc.edu/safety>

A copy of this Report can also be obtained in person at:

Student Services, Student Center 208
1301 W Main St. Wilburton OK
Phone (918) 465-1818
Fax (918) 465- 4494
Email bdenny@eosc.edu

CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES

The U.S. Department of Education defines campus security authorities as:

- A campus police department or a campus security department of an institution.
- Any individual or individuals who have responsibility for campus security but who do not constitute a campus police department or a campus security department (e.g., an individual who is responsible for monitoring the entrance into institutional property)
- Any individual or organization specified in an institution's statement of campus security policy as an individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal offenses.
- An official of an institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to, student housing, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings.

DESIGNATED CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES

The following individuals are designated campus security authorities:

- Professional staff in the Director of Student Life office, including leaders in student affairs and housing
- Staff in the student activities office (handling extracurricular activities)
- Faculty or staff advisors to student organizations
- Resident assistants; Hall Coordinators
- Athletic directors (ADs) and coaches (including assistant ADs and assistant coaches)
- Police officers, both commissioned and not, including reserve or volunteer officers
- Security staff
- Administrators at branch/satellite/separate campuses

CAMPUS POLICE DEPARTMENT

EOSC Police Officers are duly commissioned State of Oklahoma Police Officers. Their authority comes from Oklahoma State Statute (74 O.S. 360). The Oklahoma Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training (CLEET) certifies each officer via attendance at the state-sponsored police academy. EOSC Police Officers have full police powers on property owned by EOSC and any other property contiguous to property of EOSC.

In addition to enforcing local, state, and federal laws and regulations, police officers are also authorized to enforce rules of conduct articulated in the Student Code of Conduct document prepared and distributed by the Director of Student Life's office.

Non-commissioned personnel working for Campus Police and all other college authorities are empowered to enforce college regulations and may, as United States citizens, enforce local, state, and federal laws where applicable.

WORKING RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

EOSC Campus Police maintains an excellent professional working relationship with local law enforcement agencies. These agencies coordinate investigation efforts, patrol, help with special events, and train on a routine basis. EOSC Campus Police work with other municipal, state, and federal law enforcement agencies as is appropriate on a continual basis to better serve the EOSC community. EOSC Police currently have Police Service Agreements with the Latimer County Sheriff's Office and the City of Wilburton Police Department.

TIMELY WARNING POLICY

To help prevent crimes or serious incidents, the EOSC Campus Police, in conjunction with other departments on campus, issue timely warnings to notify the Eastern Oklahoma State College community members about crimes or other serious incidents in and around the community. If a situation arises that, in the judgment of the President, any Vice-President, Director of Student Life, Director of Communication, or Chief of Police, constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat, a campus-wide warning will be issued. The warnings will be issued via RAVE Alert as both text messages and emails.

The purpose of timely warnings is to provide the Eastern Oklahoma State College community with more immediate notification. Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to Eastern Campus Police at (918) 465-1718.

DAILY CRIME LOG

A daily crime log is available for review during normal business hours at 1301 W. Main Wilburton OK Student Center 208. The information in the crime log typically includes the case number, classification, date reported, date occurred, time occurred, general location and disposition of each crime. It does not include names of the parties involved.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND EVACUATION PROCEDURES STATEMENT

Once an emergency is discovered, immediate response is essential to minimize loss of life and property. The knowledge of proper procedures in responding to the emergency is vital to properly handle the situation.

Whenever an alarm sounds or an emergency alert is issued, all occupants must, in the event of evacuation being necessary, meet at the emergency evacuation safe location as instructed. In the case of an actual fire or other emergency, students will be moved to a designated alternate shelter area until notified it is safe to return to the residence hall. Students should close their door as they leave their rooms. Students who do not vacate the building during the sounding of the alarm or an emergency alert will be subject to disciplinary action.

Whenever an emergency occurs, the following procedures should be taken:

1. Stay calm, move quickly, and exit the building. In an orderly fashion, residents should go to the designated waiting area for further instructions.
2. Contact the local police/fire department by calling 911. The specific location of the emergency should be given to include the building and room number and the nature of the emergency. The reporting party should give their name and a call-back phone number.
3. Contact Campus Police or Student Services so that the proper departments can be notified about the emergency.
4. In case of smoke, keep a towel easily accessible for emergency use. Bring along your keys and student ID if possible.
5. Do not re-enter the building until it has been cleared by the proper authorities. If you are away from your room when the alarm sounds, do not return to your room.

NOTIFICATION TO COLLEGE COMMUNITY ABOUT AN IMMEDIATE THREAT

If the Chief of Police confirms that there is an emergency or dangerous situation that poses an immediate threat to the health or safety of some or all members of the Eastern Oklahoma State College community, the EOSC Police and/or the President, any Vice-President, Director of Student Life, Director of Communication, or Chief of Police will utilize some or all of the systems described under the Timely Warning Policy (located at page 6) to communicate the threat to the EOSC community or appropriate segment of the community if the threat is limited to a particular building or segment of the population. The EOSC Police Department without delay – and taking into account the safety of the community – determines the content of the notification and initiates the notification system unless issuing a notification will, in the judgment of the responsible authorities (including the President, any Vice-President, Director of Student Life, Director of Communication, or Chief of Police), compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

At least one fire drill will be held each semester in each of the residence halls and once per year, in an alternating pattern with tornado drills, in all other campus buildings. One full scale and one half scale emergency management drills will be conducted each year campus wide. Monthly tests of the RAVE Alert emergency notification test will be conducted in the fall and spring semesters.

MEDICAL EMERGENCIES

Steps to take in a medical emergency:

1. Do not move the patient unless his or her life is in danger.
2. Have someone stay with the patient until help arrives.
3. Call 911. Tell them your name, your exact location and a brief description of the problem. Do not hang up until told to do so.
4. Meet emergency personnel to guide them to the patient.

CAMPUS WIDE EMERGENCY RESPONSE

The purpose of this policy is to establish emergency response procedures for Eastern Oklahoma State College, as required by the Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008. This policy applies to all students and employees of EOSC.

The goal of this plan is to limit the loss of life and property in the event of an emergency or crisis that affects the operations of the College. The proper use of available resources and personnel is critical to the successful management of Emergency Operations, including, but not limited to:

- Provide maximum preparation to reduce the potential for injury or damage;
- Provide a coordinated, interdisciplinary, and comprehensive response to a critical situation;
- Maximize the effectiveness and immediacy of response to victims;
- Facilitate assistance to the primary, secondary, and tertiary victims;
- Reduce the severity and duration of the trauma to the campus community;
- Provide coordinated internal and external communications;
- Facilitate coordination with external agencies;
- Prepare for post-crisis support, evaluation, and condition;
- Reassure the public and local community;
- Guard the institution's image.

For the purposes of this plan, an emergency is defined as any unplanned or sudden serious event or condition that cannot be controlled by normal responses or measures. Eastern Oklahoma State College's President will have primary responsibility for convening the Emergency Management Team and will manage the institutional response. In the President's absence, a designee would assume these responsibilities. Once a state of emergency is declared, the plan's guidelines are to be implemented by all faculty, staff and students. The procedures contained in this document are guides and should be used as a flexible tool to respond to a variety of circumstances. This plan applies to all College personnel and properties. The City of Wilburton has developed its own plan and the College plan will be incorporated into the overall City plan.

DEFINITIONS OF EMERGENCIES

Listed below are definitions that are to be used as guidelines to assist administrators in determining appropriate responses:

Level 1 Emergency - Any incident/accident that can typically be handled with in- house resources and the response is generally limited to a single building or area. All Level 1 Emergencies must be reported to Eastern Oklahoma State College Campus Police Department and outside agencies if necessary.

Level 2 Emergency - Any incident/accident that typically requires external resources and the response covers a large area or is campus-wide. Level 2 emergencies may disrupt the overall operations of the College and may require major policy considerations and decisions by the central administration.

Level 3 Emergency - Any event, natural or manmade, that will seriously impair or halt the operations of the College. Casualties and/or severe property loss may be expected. A coordinated team effort will be required of various campus services to effectively manage this contingency. Outside emergency support services will be required.

In all cases of a Level 2 or Level 3 Emergency, the Emergency Management Team will convene, and this plan will be executed.

NOTE: ANY incident likely to create media interest must be promptly reported to the Marketing and Communications Office.

The Eastern Oklahoma State College Emergency Management Plan has been developed to manage problems or emergencies in a realistic manner. Crises may affect residents in the geographic vicinity of the College; therefore, it is possible that city, county, state, and federal agencies will not be available for immediate support.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAM

The Team will be defined by key functions as listed. Core Team members shall include:

- Team Leader: Chief of Police 465-1739
- Secondary: Science Faculty member 465-1741
- Communications: Director of Marketing Communication 465-1804
- Secondary: Asst. Communication 465-1803
- Facilities Operations: Director of Physical Plant 465-1802
- Technology: Chief Technical Officer 465-1750

Other members may be assigned as deemed necessary:

- Students: Director of Student Life 465-1756
- Employees: Director of Human Resources 465-1777
- Medical: Dean of Nursing 465-1796

Eastern's Internal Communications Team shall include the following members:

- President- 465-1723
- Vice President for Academic Affairs- 465-1829
- Vice President for Business Affairs- 465-1890

ACTIVATION

In the event of a life-threatening emergency, the first response shall be to contact 911, and the Eastern Oklahoma State College Police Department (ext. 718 or 918-465-1718). Faculty and staff will notify their immediate supervisor or the Police Department (ext. 718). Students will notify Dorm Staff and/or Campus Police Officers. The appropriate supervisor will assess the situation to determine the degree in which the emergency should be handled.

In the case of a Level 2 or Level 3 Emergency, the appropriate Eastern Oklahoma State College Campus Police Department personnel will immediately notify the President, who will determine and coordinate the plan of action to be taken by the College. In the case of a crisis occurring locally, off campus, the Latimer County Emergency Management Agency will contact the College with suggested response procedures.

DECLARATION OF CAMPUS STATE OF EMERGENCY

A Campus State of Emergency will be put into effect in the case of Level 2 or Level 3 Emergencies.

The President or his/her designated representative has the authority to declare a Campus State of Emergency. Once a State of Emergency has been declared, the responsible units, as described in this plan, shall implement the necessary procedures outlined herein to control the emergency.

COMMAND STRUCTURE

This section provides a consistent, easily managed and adaptable means of controlling and managing an emergency situation on the Eastern Campus. This system is designed to smoothly integrate with the Incident Command System used by the Latimer County Emergency Management Agency, the Wilburton Fire and Police Departments, Oklahoma Highway Patrol, and other emergency services.

The primary objective in responding to any incident should be:

1. Life Safety
2. Incident Stabilization
3. Property Conservation
4. Community Well-Being

INCIDENT COMMAND SYSTEM

The Incident Command System consists of four sectors: 1) Command, 2) Operations, 3) Logistics, and 4) Planning. The initial command/response center will be located at the Field House Office Complex. Upon assessing the situation, the Incident Command Center may be relocated to any position on the campus at the discretion of the President. The Internal Communication Team will convene in the President's Office or may be relocated based on the situation.

1) **COMMAND:** The Incident Commander (IC) operates in the Command Center and is responsible for the implementation of College policy, utilization of emergency management skills, and management practices to bring about a successful conclusion of the emergency incident.

Position Assigned To: The highest ranking official of the College will assume the role of IC until such time that the President or his/her designee relieves the initial or subsequent IC. When the IC is relieved it must be done formally and the relieving official shall be briefed regarding the current situations, plans, possible options, and other recommendations.

Authority: Full authority to make emergency expenditures, personnel assignments, and decision to evacuate and relocate to preserve life and property.

Immediate Actions:

-Activate Crisis Response Team by setting up the Command Center

- Select planned or alternate location
- Determine who from the Team needs to be involved in incident
- Assess current situation and decide on priority actions
- Determine if outside governmental assistance will be needed

Ongoing Actions:

- Monitor situation
- Set new priorities as needed
- Authorize expenditures and personnel work schedules, as needed

2) OPERATIONS: The Operations Officer will be the Senior Emergency Services Official based on the type of incident. The Operations Officer is responsible for protecting the health and safety of the Eastern community by execution of the policies and course of actions as directed by the IC. The Operations Officer is responsible for all activities within the affected or impacted area(s) of the emergency.

Position Assigned to: Chief of Police or designee. The highest-ranking official from an outside agency may assume a dual role of Operations with the Chief of Police.

Authority: Under supervision of the Incident Commander, directs actions taken by the Operations section and supervises the staff.

Immediate Actions:

- Attends briefing with the Incident Commander on current situation
- Confirms correct emergency services have been notified
- Attends to life threats as needed

Ongoing Actions:

- Monitor situation
- Coordinate emergency services operations as needed
- Coordination of traffic control
- Coordination of crowd control
- Accountability of College community members

3) LOGISTICS: The Logistics Officer is responsible for obtaining personnel, supplies, and equipment; determining what is needed for fuel, food, water, alternate light/power sources, ordering and arranging for distribution or pickup of needed items; monitoring longer term needs as directed by the IC.

Position Assigned to: Director of Facilities or designee

Authority: Under supervision of the Incident Commander, directs actions taken by the Logistics section, supervises staff, and makes expenditures within authority granted by Incident Commander.

Immediate Actions:

- Establishment of Command Center site
- Attends briefing with the Incident Commander on current situation
- Establishment of resource staging areas

Ongoing Actions:

- Monitor supply needs

- Monitor personnel needs
- Track resources and personnel as they are requested, obtained and used
- Site Management
- Coordinate feeding, sleeping, rehab, sanitation and other worker needs

4) **PLANNING:** The Planning Officer is responsible for providing short-term and long-term planning and information to assist the IC in decision-making. The Planning Officer will also track and document activities.

Position Assigned to: Vice-President or designee.

Authority: Under supervision of the Incident Commander, directs action taken by the Planning section and supervises section staff.

Immediate Actions:

- Attends briefing with the Incident Commander on current situation
- Formulates operational plan

Ongoing Actions:

- Insures that financial commitments are consistent with College policy
- Maintain logs, work sheets, and journals documenting planning financial operations
- Maintains and documents information from Operations and section
- Maintains and documents information from Logistics section
- Displays changes in the situation and resources on the Status Board
- Generates periodic written Situation Reports and Resource Status Reports for the Incident Commander and Section Officer

DIRECTOR OF STUDENT LIFE RESPONSE

The Director of Student Life will work with the Incident Command System on all matters dealing with student services during a crisis. Areas that fall under this role include: Student Life, Residential Staff, mental health, and students.

INFORMATION DISSEMINATION POINTS

The following sites will be equipped with cable television in lobby areas. Students and employees will be instructed that the sites are available for receiving updates on the crisis:

Miller Hall
Johnston Hall
Choctaw Hall

Telephone and data port access are available at various locations throughout campus.

RESIDENCE HALL STAFF

Each building has dorm staff. The Campus Police Department shall maintain a list of Dorm Staff who are designated in writing as Building Coordinators for each dorm. The Building Coordinator shall be responsible for certain actions that are detailed in this document. The Building Coordinators shall also be in charge of the Emergency Go Kit, which should include, but not be limited to, the following items:

- Flashlight(s) with extra batteries
- Battery operated radio
- First-Aid Kit
- Copy of the Emergency Management Plan

Building Coordinators may appoint Building Assistants to help perform their responsibilities.

MANAGING COMMUNICATION IN AN EMERGENCY

The Overall Communication Objective in a crisis is to quickly adjust the College community position from one of response and reaction to one of relative control and an ability to take proactive steps toward a return to normal business operations and to learning.

The President has primary authority over all communications regarding emergencies and will address these issues in conjunction with the Vice President(s) and the Official College Spokesperson.

The College has several pre-established internal methods of communication and communication methods with local communities in the event of an emergency. These include the use of e- mail, web site announcements, text messaging, bulletin boards, and announcements on local radio stations, building dissemination points, and written correspondence.

During an emergency, the Director of Marketing and Communication or designee will prepare or review all public and internally-disseminated communications to ensure that they are up- to-date, complete, concise, and factual, prior to such dissemination .

Consistent with existing communications policies, no individual should provide statements to members of the media during emergencies without first discussing them with the Director of Marketing and Communications or designee.

CRIME PREVENTION

Educational programs and counseling options are available to students and employees at Eastern Oklahoma State College. Those include but are not limited to:

Basic Self Defense Seminars	Annually and upon request
Sexual Assault Prevention Training	Annually and upon request
Domestic Violence Training	Annually and upon request
Monthly Safety Emails	Monthly September - April
Posters/Flyers	Monitored bi-annually
Additional info at: http://nomore.org/	

Eastern has also partnered with the Choctaw Nation to provide additional Safety and Awareness Programs annually.

Project Safe
Tomorrows Hope

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Stalking
Suicide Prevention

A common theme of all awareness and crime prevention programs is to encourage students and employees to be aware of their responsibility for their own security and the security of others. In addition to seminars, information is disseminated to students and employees through crime prevention RAVE alerts, posters, displays, videos, and articles and advertisements on campus. In addition to preventing crime, considerable effort is devoted to crime intervention. All reported crimes are investigated immediately. Follow-up investigations occur to identify the offenders. Where multiple incidents occur, surveillance techniques may be implemented to help apprehend violators. When caught, offenders are dealt with through the Latimer County court system and EOSC Director of Student Life Office, when appropriate. The Public Safety Department encourages the accurate and prompt reporting of criminal incidents, no matter how insignificant or small. Victims are encouraged to assist in police investigation and subsequent filing of charges. Through these measures, EOSC will become a safer community. To schedule a crime prevention visit or presentation, please call Campus Police at 918-465-1718. The Department of Public Safety schedules at least one presentation each semester.

Avoiding Victimization

Property Protection

- Lock your door whenever you leave your room for any length of time or when sleeping.
- Secure your vehicle. Close all windows and lock all doors.
- Never prop open any door.
- Adequately protect all valuables in your room, such as wallets, jewelry, credit cards, cash, and computers. Do not leave valuables or cash in plain view.
- Protect your books and put your name in them. Do not leave them in public places.
- Do not loan your keys to anyone.
- Never hide your keys outside your apartment or room. Do not put your name or address on your key rings.
- Take all valuable items home with you during vacations.
- When in a public place, keep valuable possessions out of sight. If you must leave an area for any length of time, take personal items with you.

Note: Computers, Blu-ray players, iPods, computer game systems, bicycles, cash, and jewelry are items particularly susceptible to theft.

Campus Police conducts Crime Prevention Tips during orientation and advises students of the following:

When on Campus:

- Never walk alone at night
- Always be aware of your surroundings. Walk purposefully and make eye contact with strangers.
- In parking lots, have keys ready when you approach your car to make your entry easier.
- After dark, try to park in a well-lit area close to your destination.

- Always lock car doors and roll up windows. Keep valuables out of sight or in the trunk.
- If you feel threatened, immediately go to an open building where there are other people.
- Never leave personal items unattended or unlocked.

In Social Situations:

- When dating someone you don't know well, ask people you trust about your date.
- Socialize in groups so that you're not alone with just one person.
There really is safety in numbers.
- If you feel uncomfortable, there's probably a reason. It's better to do something you may consider rude than to remain in a dangerous situation.
- Remember that alcohol impairs both our decision-making processes and the ability to communicate.
- Keep all drinking glasses, bottles or other open containers in sight at all times. When accepting a drink of some kind, make sure that you open the container yourself and be aware that ice cubes could contain harmful substances as well.

The Campus Police Department participates in new student orientation which is required for all entering first-time, full-time students on campus. The Department also offers annual training on personal safety to employees of the college. During these sessions, a designated officer or officers (often in conjunction with other professionals in the field) will present information on a variety of topics, including:

- Description of the EOSC Police Department.
- **How students report crime and that they are encouraged to report** any and all crimes.
- Strategies to prevent crime including sexual assault.
- Alcohol and drug policies.
- Firearms policy.
- Sexual Harassment Policy and how to report incidents.
- Emergency procedures; Rave Alert emergency notification system.

PERSONAL SAFETY

The following precautions provide guidance for students and staff related to personal safety.

General Precautions and Crime Prevention Tips:

1. Program the EOSC Police Department's phone number (918-465-1718) into your cell phone. Report any suspicious activity to the EOSC Police Department immediately.
2. Never take personal safety for granted. Always be aware of your surroundings.
3. Try to avoid walking alone at night. Request an escort from the EOSC Police Department by calling 918-465-1718.
4. Limit your alcohol consumption and leave social functions that get too loud or too crowded, or that have too many people drinking excessively. Remember to call the EOSC Police Department or the Wilburton Police Department for help at the first sign of trouble.
5. Use lighted walkways and thoroughfares, even if it means going out of your way.
6. Carry only small amounts of cash and keep purses, backpacks and money belts close to the body.
7. Do not struggle if someone attempts to take your property.
8. Never leave valuables (wallets, purses, books, calculators, laptops, etc.) unattended.
9. Carry your keys at all times and do not lend them to anyone.
10. Lock up bicycles and motorcycles. Lock doors and close windows when leaving your car.

11. Remember to lock the doors at your residence. Be certain that your door is locked to your residence when you go to sleep, and keep windows closed and locked when you are not at home.
12. Do not leave valuables in your car, especially if they can be easily noticed.
13. Engrave serial numbers or owner's recognized numbers, such as a driver's license number, on items of value.
14. Inventory your personal property and insure it appropriately with personal insurance coverage.

At home, in an apartment building, or in a residence hall:

1. Keep your room door locked when you are sleeping.
2. Never let unauthorized persons come into your room, enter residence halls, or enter apartment security doors. Always ask to see proper identification.
3. Never prop open inside or outside doors.
4. Do not hide keys outside your room or apartment. Do not put your name or address on your key rings.
5. Avoid working or studying alone in a campus building.
6. Never dress in front of a window. Close blinds or curtains after dark.
7. If you are awakened by an intruder inside your room, do not attempt to apprehend the intruder. Try to get an accurate description of the intruder and call the police.
8. Any suspicious activity should be reported to the EOSC Police Department immediately.

When driving:

1. Park your vehicle in a well-lit and populated area.
2. Have your car keys in your hand when approaching your vehicle so you can enter quickly.
3. Scan the area before getting into your vehicle and always check underneath your car upon approach and in the rear seat for intruders before entering the automobile.
4. Lock your doors and keep windows rolled up whenever possible.
5. Drive on well-traveled and well-lit streets.
6. Never hitchhike, and never pick up hitchhikers.
7. If someone tries to enter your stopped vehicle, sound the horn and drive to a safe area such as a convenience store.
8. If your vehicle breaks down, ask any person who stops to help to call the police. Do not allow any person access to you or inside your car. Roll down your window no more than an inch. Be aware that an accident may be staged to provide the other driver an opportunity to commit a criminal act.
9. Leave enough room between your car and the one ahead so you can drive around it if necessary.
10. Call ahead when driving to your home or apartment late at night and have someone watch you walk from your car to the residence.
11. Limit distractions such as cellphones.

While walking or jogging

1. Avoid walking or jogging alone, and try not to walk or jog after dark.
2. Avoid dark or vacant areas. Walk along well-lit routes.
3. Be alert to your surroundings. If you suspect you are being followed: Run in a different direction, go to the other side of the street and yell for help, or move quickly to a lighted area, or a group of people

NATURAL DISASTERS

The following information is a guideline to aid you in determining what action you should take in severe weather.

Tornado WATCH: Conditions are such that storms capable of producing a tornado may develop.

Tornado WARNING: Either a tornado has been sighted or it is highly probable that one will develop. A warning will be signaled by the storm warning sirens.

Tornado Precautions:

1. If you are in the warning area, seek shelter immediately.
 - a. (lowest accessible floor of building away from door or windows)
 - b. (Regents Court and Apartment residents may use Gunning Hall Basement)
2. If you are in a vehicle, get out and seek shelter in a sturdy building. If a building is not available, a depression such as a ditch or ravine offers some protection, but be alert for flash floods.
3. Do not open windows. This can actually increase damage to the building. Stay away from windows and exterior doors.
4. Basements, interior hallways on the lower floors and small interior rooms on the lower floors offer the best shelter.
5. Do not attempt to turn utilities on or off.
6. Report injuries and damage to the EOSC Police Department at 918-465-1718. After the all clear, leave badly damaged buildings and do not attempt to return unless directed to do so by emergency personnel.

SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY

The federal Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act, enacted on October 28, 2000, requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information provided by a state concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained.

Oklahoma law (Title 57, Sections 583-584) requires anyone required to register as a sex offender do so with both their local law enforcement (municipal or county) agency at their residence and also with the police or security department of any institution of higher education at which they are enrolled as a student (full-time or part-time), are an employee (full-time or part-time) or reside (or intend to reside or stay) on any property owned or controlled by the institution of higher education.

Information on any sex offender who works for, attends, or lives on property owned by EOSC can be found at the Latimer County Sheriff's Office 109 N Central Ave # 103, Wilburton, OK 74578 (918) 465-3543. You may also search at <https://sors.doc.state.ok.us/svor/f?p=105:1>:

REPORTING PROCEDURES (GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR REPORTING A CRIME OR EMERGENCY)

Crime victims and witnesses to a crime, regardless of the crime, are encouraged to promptly report incidents to the EOSC Police Department or other appropriate police agencies. To report a crime, the victim, if he or she elects to, or witness needs only to call the police and a police officer will meet

them to gather information. An official report will be made with copies available to the victim after a completed investigation.

To report a crime in progress, dial 911, dial extension 718 from a campus phone, or call 918-465-1718 when off campus or when using a cell phone.

CONFIDENTIAL CRIME REPORTING

Confidential reporting of crimes is allowed at EOSC. If, for a personal reason, a person does not wish to report an on-campus crime or suspected crime to the police, that person may anonymously report it by reporting online at: <https://www.eosc.edu/complaint>

CRIMES DISCLOSED TO A PASTORAL OR MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELOR

To be exempt from disclosing reported offenses to appropriate EOSC officials, a pastoral or mental health counselor must be acting in their role as a pastoral or professional counselor. This exemption does not relieve counselors of the duty to exercise reasonable care to protect a foreseeable victim from danger posed by the person being counseled. When speaking to a victim or witness to a crime, counselors are encouraged to inform the individual to report the crime to the police.

A pastoral counselor is a person who is associated with a religious order or denomination, is recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling, and is functioning within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor.

A mental health counselor is a person whose official responsibility includes providing mental health counseling to members of the institution's community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification. This definition also applies to professional counselors who are not employees of the institution but are under contract to provide counseling to the institution.

Note that the pastoral counselor or mental health counselor must report the crime to EOSC police for purposes of including the incident in the annual crime statistics only. Personal information will not be conveyed when making this disclosure unless the victim consents to such disclosure.

CRIMES IN PROGRESS

To report a crime in progress, a person, victim or witness can dial 911 or 918-465-1718. Any reporting method will stimulate the response of police, fire, ambulance or other first responders. In addition, the victim of a serious crime can request support personnel, such as ministers and rape crisis or domestic violence counselors, during or after reporting the incident.

Additionally, crime victims **may** be eligible for funds through victims' compensation laws administered by the local district attorney's office.

Prompt reporting of criminal activity to the police enables a quick response, a timely warning, and a safer campus for everyone.

If you are the victim of a crime or a witness to one, you should do the following:

1. **Call the police immediately:** Dial 911 for emergencies or call 918-465-1718 or Ext. 718.
2. **Obtain a description:** Attempt to obtain a description of the offender(s), including gender, age, race, hair, clothing and distinguishing features. Also attempt to obtain a description and license number of any vehicle(s) involved. Note the direction of travel of any offender(s) or vehicle(s) and report these to the police.
3. **Preserve the crime scene:** Do not touch any items involved in the incident. Close off the area of the incident, and do not allow anyone in the crime area until police arrive.

CRIME DISCLOSURE

EOSC policies and procedures require the publication of annual crime statistics. Included in this report are crimes reported to the EOSC Police Department and other campus officials, Residential Life, and Student Services, and local law enforcement. Crime statistics are collected by: The EOSC Chief of Police and maintained in an Excel file in addition to the daily Crime log. The tables on pages 31-51 (Campus Crime Report) comply with the Clery Act.

The crime and arrest statistics reported are those that occurred within the jurisdictional boundaries of campus. Crimes occurring on public property immediately adjacent to campus are also reported when available. They do not include off-campus private housing, which are within the Wilburton, McAlester, Idabel, and Antlers jurisdictions. Crime statistics concerning other locations are available at the Wilburton, McAlester, Idabel, and Antlers Police Departments.

DEFINITION OF TERMS FOR STATISTICAL CHARTS

The charts setting forth statistical data on reported crimes include the following terms.

Campus: Any building or property owned or controlled by the institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in the direct support of, or related to, its educational purpose.

Clery Geography: Buildings and property that are part of the institution's campus; the institution's noncampus buildings and property; and public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

Residential: Those buildings and parking lots designated as Residence Halls and College Apartments area.

Other: Any non-residential area on campus.

Non-Campus Building or Property: Buildings or property owned or controlled by a student organization, such as a fraternity or sorority, recognized by the institution, and any building or property (other than a branch campus) owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is used by students and is not within the same reasonable contiguous geographical area of the institution.

Public Property: All public property that is within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution, such as a sidewalk, street or other thoroughfare, or parking facility, and is adjacent to a facility owned or controlled by the institution, if the facility is used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to the institution's educational purposes.

CRIME DEFINITIONS

The following definitions are those used in the Uniform Crime Reporting System of the United States Department of Justice's Federal Bureau of Investigation. Definitions under Oklahoma law can be found in appendix A.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack of one person by another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used that could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.

Arson: Any willful or malicious attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle, or aircraft, personal property of another. Only fires determined to have been willfully or maliciously set are classified as arson.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with the intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with the intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Criminal Homicide: The willful (negligent or non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Dating Violence: Dating violence is committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with another person. The existence of such relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Dating violence includes but is not limited to sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts that meet the definition of domestic violence.

Domestic Violence: Domestic violence is a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a:

- current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim,
- person with whom the victim shares a child in common,
- person who is cohabitating with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner,
- person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of Oklahoma; or
- any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of Oklahoma.

Domestic violence is a pattern of abusive behavior in any relationship that is used by one partner to gain or maintain power and control over another intimate partner. Domestic violence can be physical, sexual, emotional, economic or psychological actions or threats of actions that influence another person.

Drug Law Violations: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or

cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, Methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates)

Hate Crimes: A crime reported to local police agencies or to a campus security authority that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim. For the purposes of this definition, the categories of bias include the victim's actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.

Larceny: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another without use of force or violence. It includes shoplifting, picking pockets, purse snatching, thefts from motor vehicles including parts and accessories, bicycle and computer thefts.

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle by someone other than the registered owner.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Sex offenses: Any sexual act directed against another person without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Sexual assault: An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape, defined as follows:

- **Rape** means the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
- **Fondling** means the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
- **Incest** means non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- **Statutory Rape** means non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent (age 16).

Stalking: Stalking refers to one who engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.

- **Course of conduct** means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.
- **Reasonable person** means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
- **Substantial emotional distress** means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. EOSC policy prohibits deadly weapons on campus with limited exceptions.

CRIME STATISTICS

Institution: Main Campus (207050001)

Criminal Offenses - On campus

For each of the following criminal offenses, enter the number reported to have occurred On Campus.

Criminal offense	Total occurrences On campus		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0
b. <u>Negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0		
d. <u>Rape</u>		0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>		0	0
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0		
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	1	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	4	6	6
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0

Criminal Offenses - On-campus Student Housing Facilities

Of those criminal offenses reported to have occurred On Campus, enter the number that occurred in On-campus Student Housing Facilities.

Criminal offense	Total occurrences in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0
b. <u>Negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0		
d. <u>Rape</u>		0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>		0	0
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0		
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	1	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	3	3	5
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0

Criminal Offenses - Noncampus

For each of the following criminal offenses, enter the number reported to have occurred in or on Noncampus buildings or property.

Criminal offense	Total occurrences in or on Noncampus buildings or property		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Negligent manslaughter</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0		
d. <u>Rape</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
e. <u>Fondling</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-Forcible</u>	0		
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Criminal Offenses - Public Property

For each of the following criminal offenses, enter the number reported to have occurred on Public Property.

Criminal offense	Total occurrences on Public Property		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Negligent manslaughter</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0		
d. <u>Rape</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
e. <u>Fondling</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0		
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Hate Crimes - On campus

For the criminal offenses listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred On campus. Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Occurrences of Hate crimes									
Criminal offense	2015 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2015							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> <i>(Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Occurrences of Hate crimes									
Criminal offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2014							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> <i>(Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

<i>from a motor vehicle)</i>									
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal offense	Occurrences of Hate crimes						
	2013 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2013					
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes - On-campus Student Housing Facilities

For the criminal offenses listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities. Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Criminal offense	Occurrences of Hate crimes								
	2015 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2015							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> <i>(Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Occurrences of Hate crimes									
Criminal offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2014							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> <i>(Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Occurrences of Hate crimes									
Criminal offense	2013 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2013							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National origin		

a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
g. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
h. Statutory rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Hate Crimes - Noncampus

For the criminal offenses listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred in or on Noncampus buildings or property. Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Criminal offense	Occurrences of Hate crimes								
	2015 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2015							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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Occurrences of Hate crimes									
Criminal offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2014							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Occurrences of Hate crimes							
Criminal offense	2013 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2013					
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Hate Crimes - Public Property

For the criminal offenses listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on Public Property. Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

		Occurrences of Hate crimes								
Criminal offense	2015 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2015								
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National origin	
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

		Occurrences of Hate crimes								
Criminal offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2014								
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National origin	
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

		Occurrences of Hate crimes						
Criminal offense	2013 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2013						
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/National origin	
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

VAWA Offenses - On Campus

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred On Campus.

Crime	Total occurrences On Campus		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Domestic violence</u>		2	0
b. <u>Dating violence</u>		0	0

c. <u>Stalking</u>			<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
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VAWA Offenses - On-campus Student Housing Facilities

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred in On-campus Student Housing Facilities.

Crime	Total occurrences in On-campus Student Housing Facilities		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Domestic violence</u>		<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Dating violence</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Stalking</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

VAWA Offenses - Noncampus

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred in or on Noncampus buildings or property.

Crime	Total occurrences in or on Noncampus buildings or property		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Domestic violence</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Dating violence</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Stalking</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

VAWA Offenses - Public Property

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred on Public Property.

Crime	Total occurrences on Public Property		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Domestic violence</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Dating violence</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Stalking</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Arrests - On campus

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred On Campus.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of Arrests		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	1	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	2	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Arrests - On-campus Student Housing Facilities

Of those Arrests for crimes that occurred On Campus, enter the number of crimes that occurred in On-campus Student Housing Facilities for each of the following categories.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of Arrests		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	1	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	2	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Arrests - Noncampus

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred in or on Noncampus buildings or property.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of Arrests		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Arrests - Public Property

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred on Public Property.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of Arrests		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Disciplinary Actions - On Campus

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred On Campus for each of the following categories.

Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations.

If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest, please do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of persons referred for Disciplinary Action		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	19	<input type="text" value="43"/>	<input type="text" value="28"/>

Disciplinary Actions - On-campus Student Housing Facilities

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred in On-campus Student Housing Facilities for each of the following categories.

Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations.

If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest, please do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of persons referred for Disciplinary Action		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	19	<input type="text" value="43"/>	<input type="text" value="28"/>

Disciplinary Actions - Noncampus

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred in or on Noncampus buildings or property for each of the following categories.

Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations.

If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest, please do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of persons referred for Disciplinary Action		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Disciplinary Actions - Public Property

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred on Public Property for each of the following categories.

Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations.

If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest, please do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of persons referred for Disciplinary Action		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Unfounded Crimes

Of those crimes that occurred On Campus, in On-campus Student Housing Facilities, on or in Noncampus property or buildings, and on Public Property, enter the number of crimes that were unfounded.

The total number of unfounded crimes should include all criminal offenses, hate crimes, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking incidents that have been unfounded. Arrests and disciplinary actions cannot be unfounded.

If a reported crime is investigated by law enforcement authorities and found to be false or baseless, the crime is "unfounded". Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may unfind a crime.

Count unfounded crimes in the year in which they were originally reported.

	Number		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Total unfounded crimes</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Institution: McAlester Branch Campus (207050002)

Criminal Offenses - On campus

For each of the following criminal offenses, enter the number reported to have occurred <u>On Campus</u> .			
Criminal offense	Total occurrences On campus		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Negligent manslaughter</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0		
d. <u>Rape</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
e. <u>Fondling</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0		
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
k. <u>Burglary</u>	1	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Criminal Offenses - Public Property

For each of the following criminal offenses, enter the number reported to have occurred on <u>Public Property</u> .			
Criminal offense	Total occurrences on Public Property		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Negligent manslaughter</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0		
d. <u>Rape</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
e. <u>Fondling</u>		<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0		
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Hate Crimes - On campus

For the criminal offenses listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred On campus. Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Occurrences of Hate crimes									
Criminal offense	2015 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2015							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> <i>(Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Occurrences of Hate crimes									
Criminal offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2014							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> <i>(Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

<i>from a motor vehicle)</i>									
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal offense	Occurrences of Hate crimes							
	2013 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2013						
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National origin	
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
g. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
h. Statutory rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Hate Crimes - Public Property

For the criminal offenses listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on Public Property. Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Criminal offense	Occurrences of Hate crimes								
	2015 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2015							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Occurrences of Hate crimes									
Criminal offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2014							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Gender identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Occurrences of Hate crimes									
Criminal offense	2013 Total	Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2013							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National origin		

a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
c. <u>Sex offenses - Forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
f. <u>Sex offenses - Non-forcible</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
g. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
h. Statutory rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
i. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
j. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
k. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
l. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
m. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
n. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
o. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
p. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
q. <u>Destruction/damage/vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

VAWA Offenses - On Campus

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred On Campus.

Crime	Total occurrences On Campus		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Domestic violence</u>		0	0
b. <u>Dating violence</u>		0	0
c. <u>Stalking</u>		0	0

VAWA Offenses - Public Property

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred on Public Property.

Crime	Total occurrences on Public Property		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Domestic violence</u>		0	0
b. <u>Dating violence</u>		0	0
c. <u>Stalking</u>		0	0

Arrests - On campus

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred On Campus.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of Arrests		
	2013	2014	2015

a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Arrests - Public Property

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred on Public Property.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of Arrests		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Disciplinary Actions - On Campus

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred On Campus for each of the following categories.

Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations.

If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest, please do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of persons referred for Disciplinary Action		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Disciplinary Actions - Public Property

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred on Public Property for each of the following categories.

Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations.

If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest, please do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Crime	Number of persons referred for Disciplinary Action		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Unfounded Crimes

Of those crimes that occurred On Campus, in On-campus Student Housing Facilities, on or in Noncampus property or buildings, and on Public Property, enter the number of crimes that were unfounded.

The total number of unfounded crimes should include all criminal offenses, hate crimes, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking incidents that have been unfounded. Arrests and disciplinary actions cannot be unfounded.

If a reported crime is investigated by law enforcement authorities and found to be false or baseless, the crime is "unfounded". Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may unfound a crime.

Count unfounded crimes in the year in which they were originally reported.

	Number		
	2013	2014	2015
a. <u>Total unfounded crimes</u>		0	0

OBTAINING REPORTS

To request a copy of a report or ask other related questions, contact the EOSC Police Department at 918-465-1718.

Requests for incident reports or traffic crash reports by persons involved generally will be processed when the investigation is completed. EOSC faculty, staff, and students are not charged for obtaining report copies when involved in the reported incident.

The EOSC Police Department is committed to complying with its obligations under the Freedom of Information Act (F.O.I.A.) without undue delay, but realizes that under certain circumstances the release of records may have an impact on victims, witnesses and the integrity of investigations. If an investigation is ongoing and still open, a request for any related EOSC Police Department report may be denied and information of a personal nature will be withheld or redacted where the public disclosure of such information would constitute an invasion of privacy.

OFF-CAMPUS CRIME

If the Wilburton, McAlester, Idabel, and Antlers Police Departments are contacted about criminal activity occurring off-campus involving a member of the EOSC community, the Wilburton, McAlester, Idabel, and Antlers Police Departments may notify the EOSC Police Department. However, there is no official policy requiring such notification. Individuals in these cases may be subject to arrest by the respective Police Departments and subject to EOSC judicial proceedings through the Director of Student Life Office.

When an EOSC student is involved in an off-campus offense, police officers may assist with the investigation in cooperation with local, state, or federal law enforcement. McAlester, Wilburton, Idabel, and Antlers police routinely work and communicate with campus officers on any serious incidents occurring on-campus or in the immediate neighborhood and business areas surrounding campus. EOSC operates no off-campus housing or off-campus student organization facilities. However students live in the neighborhoods surrounding EOSC. While McAlester, Wilburton, Idabel, and Antlers police have primary jurisdiction in all areas off campus, EOSC officers can and do respond to student-related incidents that occur in close proximity to our campuses. EOSC officers have direct radio communications with the city police, fire department, and ambulance services to facilitate rapid response in any emergency situation.

ACCESS TO CAMPUS FACILITIES

The EOSC campus is open to the public. Office/Classroom buildings and Residence halls keep regular hours and are not always accessible during closed and non-visitation hours. Dorm visitation hours are 10 a.m. until 11 p.m. on Sunday through Thursday and 10 a.m. until 12 a.m. on Friday and Saturday. Access to dorms is monitored by campus police, camera systems, residence hall coordinators, and building supervisors.

MAINTENANCE OF CAMPUS FACILITIES

Facilities and landscaping are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. EOSC Police officers regularly patrol and report malfunctioning lights and other unsafe physical conditions to Physical Plant for correction. Other members of the EOSC community are helpful when they report equipment problems to the EOSC Police Department or Physical Plant at 918-465-1801.

ALCOHOL AND DRUG POLICIES

EOSC seeks to encourage and sustain an academic environment that respects individual freedoms and promotes the health, safety and welfare of its students, faculty, staff and visitors. These participants are expected to know and follow the applicable laws and all EOSC rules and regulations. Each person is responsible for his/her own behavior. The EOSC Police Department enforces compliance with state law and alcoholic beverage laws on campus and at college-sponsored activities.

Possession, use, or distribution of alcoholic beverages, except as expressly permitted by the law and regulations, or public intoxication are a violation of EOSC policy. The consumption or possession of alcoholic beverages in any form on the campus, in EOSC student housing, or at student organizations or other sponsored activities for students is forbidden.

Students, faculty, staff, and visitors are subject to arrest and prosecution, as well as campus discipline, for violation of any federal or state drinking laws, including possession, intoxication, and driving under the influence (inclusive of DUI-Under 21).

ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION PROGRAMS

Possession, use, or distribution of narcotic or other controlled substances, except as expressly permitted by law, are a violation of EOSC policy. The consumption or possession of illegal narcotics in any form, on the campus, in EOSC housing, or at student organizations or other sponsored activities for students are forbidden. Students, faculty, staff, and visitors are subject to arrest and prosecution, as well as campus discipline, for violation of any federal or state drug law. Eastern Oklahoma State College recognizes its responsibility as an educational and public service institution to promote a productive and healthy environment. This responsibility demands implementation of programs and services to facilitate that effort. The college is committed to a program to prevent the abuse of alcohol and the illegal use of drugs and alcohol by its students and employees. The college prohibits illegal use of drugs and alcohol in the workplace, on college property, in college housing, or as part of any college-sponsored activities.

In order to meet these responsibilities, Eastern Oklahoma State College:

- Requires all students and employees to abide by the terms of this policy as a condition of an initial and continued enrollment or employment. EOSC will conduct a biannual review of current Alcohol and Drug Abuse Policies conducted in even numbered years.
- Provides resident students with information about college drug and alcohol policies as part of their orientation. Students who violate the alcohol policy are required to complete an on-line alcohol awareness program. Information about drug and alcohol issues are also shared with students via brochures, flyers, and campus safety e-mails.
- Provides student-athletes with specific information about the drug and alcohol policy in the Student-Athlete Handbook. The college also conducts periodic, random drug tests of student athletes.
- Works with the Latimer County Sheriff's Office to arrange for periodic patrols of a drug dog in the residence halls.
- Has an arrangement with the Wilburton Health & Wellness Center for students to receive free counseling.
- Recognizes that the illegal use of drugs and alcohol is in direct violation of local, state and federal laws as well as college policies set forth within this policy, the staff and faculty handbooks, and the Student Code of Conduct. College policy strictly prohibits the illegal use, possession, manufacture, dispensing, or distribution of alcohol, drugs or controlled substances in the workplace, on its premises, or as a part of any college-sponsored activities.
- Considers a violation of this policy to be a major offense, which can result in requirement for satisfactory participation in a drug or alcohol rehabilitation program, referral for criminal prosecution, and/or immediate disciplinary action up to and including termination from employment and suspension or expulsion from the college. A criminal conviction is not required for sanctions to be imposed upon an employee or student for violations of this policy.
- Recognizes that violations of applicable local, state and federal laws may subject a student or employee to a variety of legal sanctions including but not limited to fines, incarceration, imprisonment and/or community service requirements. Convictions become a part of an individual's criminal record and may prohibit certain career and professional opportunities.
- Recommends an employee to notify his or her supervisor of a criminal conviction for drug or alcohol related offenses occurring in the workplace no later than five calendar days following the conviction or to allow the Chief of the Campus Police of EOSC to make such a notification.
- Forbids an employee from performing sensitive safety functions while a prohibited drug(s) is in his or her system.

SANCTIONS:

College Sanctions for Students: The following sanctions may be imposed by any person or board authorized to assign disciplinary sanctions. The severity of the imposed sanctions will be appropriate to the violation; possible sanctions include fines, probation, suspension, expulsion, loss of institutional aid, restriction of student's activities or privileges. Students will be charged for all damages or misappropriation of property, which occurs in the violation of a rule or regulation. Restitution may be monetary compensation, replacement or repair. Community service hours will be performed in an area of the College or a community agency for a specified number of hours. Professional counseling, referral to a rehabilitation program, and/or specific restrictions may be used in conjunction with various sanctions.

College Sanctions for Employees: Eastern Oklahoma State College, as a drug-free workplace, is to be free from illegal manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of any controlled substance. Such actions are grounds for disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment. A workplace is defined as any place an employee functions within the scope of his/her job responsibilities. Employees convicted of any workplace related drug offense, which does not result in discharge, or forfeiture of position may be required to successfully complete a recognized drug treatment or rehabilitation program. All employees must notify the employer of any criminal drug

statute conviction for a violation occurring while performing within the role and scope of their respective responsibilities. Any employee or student found to be in violation of the federal and/or state laws pertaining to the use or abuse of alcohol and/or illicit drugs may be referred to the legal system for prosecution.

LEGAL SANCTIONS – DRUGS

Federal and state laws impose grave penalties on those who illegally possess, use, or distribute drugs or alcohol. According to the Criminal Laws in the State of Oklahoma, a person found in possession of a controlled, dangerous substance, within this State, such as marijuana, cannabis, or methamphetamine, and/or drug paraphernalia (pipes, roach clips, cocaine spoons, etc.,) shall be placed under arrest. All vehicles, or any other means of transportation used to transport a controlled, dangerous substance and money, weapons, or devices therein, are subject to forfeiture. Upon conviction, penalties range from fines, to a year in the County Jail, to life in the State Penitentiary, and/or both.

The Uniform Controlled Substance Act sets up five schedules of controlled substances based on dangerousness and medical uses. It prohibits the manufacture, distribution, sale or acquisition by misrepresentation or forgery of controlled substances except in accordance with the Act as well as the knowing possession of controlled substances unlawfully acquired. Penalties for first-time violators of the Act range from not less than five years imprisonment and fines of not more than \$250,000 or both for possession or distribution of a small amount of marijuana or hashish, not for sale, to forty years or \$10 million or both for the manufacture or delivery of a Schedule I or II narcotic. (Marijuana is a Schedule I Controlled Substance.) Second offense penalties range from not more than 10 years imprisonment and fines of \$500,000, to not less than ten years imprisonment and fines of not more than \$10 million or both, to not less than twenty years imprisonment and fines of not more than \$20 million or both.

This is only a summary of legal sanctions. Additional federal and state penalties may apply.

OTHER FEDERAL SANCTIONS

In addition to fines and prison terms, federal sanctions for the possession or distribution of illicit drugs may include the forfeiture of federal Financial Aid eligibility for a period of one or more years. If the conviction occurs while the student is enrolled and receiving aid, the student may be required to repay all federal aid received. Eligibility may be regained by completing an acceptable drug rehabilitation program.

Legal Classifications **Misdemeanors (M)** are punishable by imprisonment in county jail for not more than one year and/or a fine not exceeding \$500 unless a different amount is specified for the Offense. **Felonies (F)** are punishable by imprisonment in the state corrections system for up to two years and/or a fine not exceeding \$1,000 unless a different amount is specified for the offense.

Unlawfully selling/delivering alcoholic beverages (M): Knowingly sell, deliver or furnish alcoholic beverages to any person under age 21.

Unlawful possession of (drug) paraphernalia (M/F): Deliver/use/possession/manufacture of drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale or otherwise introduce into the human body a dangerous substance. Delivery by a person age 18 or

over to a person under 18 at least three years his junior is a felony. Otherwise, violation is a misdemeanor.

Driving while impaired/intoxicated (M/F): Any person operating a motor vehicle shall be deemed to have given consent to a test for alcohol concentration and/or presence and concentration of any other intoxicating substance. Any person may refuse a test, but refusal shall result in revocation of driving privileges for 180 days. Test results showing an alcohol concentration of .08 or greater shall result in revocation of driving privileges for 90 days. An alcohol concentration of more than .05 but less than .08 is relevant evidence that driving ability is impaired. An alcohol concentration of .08 or more is prima facie evidence that the person was under the influence of alcohol. First offense is a misdemeanor. Second and subsequent offenses may be felonies and may result in suspension of driving privileges for six months.

Conviction of a felony can render person ineligible for licensure/certification/employment in their career profession; examples are law, medicine, engineering, architecture, accounting, teaching, law enforcement/public safety and military. It can also prevent acquisition of a security clearance necessary to many other jobs.

HEALTH RISKS

Health risks generally associated with alcohol and drug abuse can result in but are not limited to a lowered immune system, damage to critical nerve cells, physical dependency, lung damage, heart problems, liver disease, physical and mental depression, increased infection, irreversible memory loss, personality changes and thought disorders.

The use of alcohol and other drugs represents a serious threat to health and the quality of life. More than 25,000 people die each year from drug-related accidents or health problems. With most drugs, it is possible that users will develop psychological and physical dependence. The general categories of drugs and their effects are as follows:

- **Alcohol** produces short-term effects that include behavioral changes, impairment of judgment and coordination, greater likelihood of aggressive acts, respiratory depression, irreversible physical and mental abnormalities in newborns (fetal alcohol syndrome) and death. Long-term effects of alcohol abuse include damage to the liver, heart and brain; ulcers; gastritis; malnutrition; delirium tremens; and cancer. Alcohol combined with barbiturates and other depressants can prove to be a deadly mixture.
- **Amphetamines/stimulants** (speed, uppers, crank, caffeine, etc.) speed up the nervous system and can cause increased heart and breathing rates, higher blood pressure, decreased appetite, headaches, blurred vision, dizziness, sleeplessness, anxiety, hallucinations, paranoia, depression, convulsions and death due to a stroke or heart failure.
- **Anabolic steroids** seriously affect the liver, cardiovascular and reproductive systems. Can cause sterility in males and females as well as impotency in males.
- **Barbiturates/depressants** (downers, quaaludes, valium, etc.) slow down the central nervous system and can cause decreased heart and breathing rates, lowered blood pressure, slowed reactions, confusion, distortion of reality, convulsions, respiratory depression, coma and death. Depressants combined with alcohol can be lethal.
- **Cocaine/crack** stimulates the central nervous system and is extremely addictive, both psychologically and physically. Effects include dilated pupils, increased heart rate, elevated blood pressure, insomnia, loss of appetite, hallucinations, paranoia, seizures and death due to cardiac arrest or respiratory failure.
- **Hallucinogens** (PCP, angel dust, LSD, etc.) interrupt the functions of the part of the brain that controls the intellect and instincts. May result in self-inflicted injuries, impaired coordination, dulled senses, incoherent speech, depression, anxiety, violent behavior, paranoia, hallucinations, increased heart rate and blood pressure, convulsions, coma, and heart and lung failure.

- **Cannabis** (marijuana, hashish, hash, etc.) impairs short-term memory comprehension, concentration, coordination and motivation. May also cause paranoia and psychosis. Marijuana smoke contains more cancer-causing agents than tobacco smoke. The way in which marijuana is smoked - deeply inhaled and held in the lungs for a long period - enhances the risk of getting cancer. Combined with alcohol, marijuana can produce a dangerous multiplied effect.
- **Narcotics** (heroin, morphine, demerol, percodan, etc.) initially produce feelings of euphoria often followed by drowsiness, nausea and vomiting. An overdose may result in convulsions, coma and death. Tolerance develops rapidly and dependence is likely. Using contaminated syringes to inject such drugs may result in AIDS.
- **Tobacco/nicotine** causes death among some 170,000 people in the United States each year due to smoking-related coronary heart disease. Some 30 percent of the 130,000 cancer deaths each year are linked to smoking. Lung, larynx, esophagus, bladder, pancreas and kidney cancers strike smokers at increased rates. Emphysema and chronic bronchitis are 10 times more likely among smokers. Tobacco use is prohibited on all college property.

REFERRAL AND HOTLINE INFORMATION

EOSC Counseling Center	465-1751, 465-1810
Latimer County Health Department	465-5673
Eastern Sky, PC (Personal Counseling)	465-0300
National Institution on Drug Abuse	1 -800-662-HELP
Information and Referral line (M-F, 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m.)	
National Alcohol & Drug Abuse Hotline	1-800-234-0420
National Drug Hotline	1-800-662-HELP
Cocaine Helpline	1-800-COCAINE
Reach-Out Hotline	1-800-522-9054

If your organization, group, or department has questions please call the EOSCP at ext. 718 or the Student Services Office at ext. 818. Annual dangerous drug and alcohol trainings are provided by the EOSC campus police in conjunction with other professional groups on a bi-annual basis.

LOST AND FOUND

The EOSC Police Department Lost and Found is located at The Student Center 208. After a period of time, all buildings and officers are encouraged to forward any found items to the EOSC Police Department to maintain in a central location for persons seeking lost property.

EOSC Police Department items will be stored in the campus police storage area for a period of one year. After a good faith effort to locate the owner and the time limits have expired, the items will be sold or destroyed.

Inquiries about lost and found property can be made by calling 918-465-1718.

DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES

1. Any member of the College community may file charges against a student for violation of the Student Code. A charge shall be prepared in writing and directed to the Director of Student Life or a member of the residence hall staff. Any charge should be submitted as soon as possible after the event takes place. Delayed reports may make resolution more difficult or impossible.
2. Students charged with violating the College Code, rules, or regulations will be disciplined according to established judicial procedures outlined below.
3. For more serious or repeat violations, a formal Disciplinary Hearing may be held.
4. Disciplinary Hearings shall be conducted by the Director of Student Life or Judicial Board according to the following guidelines:
 - a. Disciplinary Hearings shall be conducted in private.
 - b. The complainant, accused student and their advisors, if any, shall be allowed to attend the entire portion of the hearing at which information is received (excluding deliberations).
 - c. The complainant and the accused student have the right to be assisted by an advisor they choose, at their own expense. The advisor may be any member of the College community who is not a party to the case. Students must notify the Director of Student Life at least 48 hours in advance of the hearing if they intend to have an attorney as an advisor. The complainant and/or the accused student is responsible for presenting his/her own information, and therefore, advisors are not permitted to speak or to participate directly in any Disciplinary Hearing.
 - d. The complainant, the accused student, and the Hearing Officer may arrange attendance of possible witnesses who are members of the College community, if reasonably possible, and who are identified by the complainant and/or accused student at least two weekdays prior to the Hearing. Witnesses will provide information to and answer questions from the Hearing Officer or Judicial Board. Questions may be suggested by the accused student and/or complainant to be answered by each other or by other witnesses and such questions will be directed to the chairperson, rather than to the witness directly. This method is used to preserve the educational tone of the hearing and to avoid creation of an adversarial environment.
 - e. Pertinent records, exhibits, and written statements may be accepted as information for consideration at the hearing at the discretion of the chairperson or hearing officer.
 - f. All procedural questions are subject to the final decision of the
 - g. Hearing Officer or chairperson of the Judicial Board.
 - h. After the portion of the Disciplinary Hearing concludes in which all pertinent information has been received, the Judicial Board or Hearing Officer shall determine whether the accused student has violated each item of the Student Code, which the student is charged with violating.
 - i. The determination shall be made on the basis of whether it is more likely than not that the accused student violated the Student Code.
 - j. Formal rules of process, procedure and/or technical rules of evidence, such as those applied in criminal or civil court, are not used in Student Code proceedings.
5. There shall be a single verbatim record, such as a tape recording, of all Disciplinary Hearings for purposes directly relating to any resulting appeals. Deliberations shall not be recorded. The records shall be the property of the College and shall be destroyed when the appeal process has expired.
6. If an accused student, with proper notice, fails to attend the Hearing as scheduled, the information in support of the charges may be presented and considered even if the accused student is not present.
7. The Judicial Board or Hearing Officer may accommodate concerns for the personal safety, well-being, and/or fears of confrontation of the complainant, accused student and/or other witness during the hearing by providing separate facilities, by using visual screen and/or by permitting participation by

telephone, videophone, closed circuit television, video conferencing, video tape, audio tape, written statement of other means, where and as determined in the sole judgment of the Director of Student Life to be appropriate.

8. If a student is found guilty of the alleged violation(s), the Judicial Board or Hearing Officer will determine appropriate sanctions.

Sanctions

The following sanctions may be imposed upon any student found to have violated the Student Code however it is the right of the Director of Student Life to determine what level of Sanction will be imposed at any given time for any given violation:

- a) Disciplinary Warning - a notice may be sent in writing to the student regarding the violation. Subsequent violations will result in more severe sanctions.
- b) Disciplinary Probation - A written reprimand for violation of specific regulations. Probation is for a designated period of time and may range from three months to one year. If other disciplinary action is taken while the student is on Disciplinary Probation, it is likely to result in the student's immediate separation from the College.
- c) Loss of privileges - Denial of specified privileges for a designated period of time.
- d) Fines - Previously established fines may be imposed.
- e) Restitution - Compensation for loss, damage or injury. This may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement
- f) Discretionary Sanctions - Work assignments, essays, service to the College, changing of housing assignment, eviction from campus housing or other discretionary assignments.
- g) College Suspension - Separation of student from the College for a definite period of time, after which the student is eligible to return. Conditions for readmission may be specified.
- h) College Expulsion - Permanent separation of the student from the College.

In situations involving both an accused student(s) (or group or organization) and a student(s) claiming to be a victim of another student's conduct, the records of the process and of the sanctions imposed, if any, shall be ordered to be the educational record of both the accused student(s) and the student(s) claiming to be the victim because the educational career and chances of success in the academic community of each may be impacted.

Interim Suspension

In certain circumstances, the Director of Student Life, or a designee, may impose a College or residence hall suspension prior to a student appearing before a formal hearing is held.

1. Interim Suspension may be imposed only:
 - a) to ensure the safety and well-being of members of the College community or for preservation of College property.
 - b) to ensure the student's own physical or emotional safety and well-being; or
 - c) to prevent an ongoing threat of disruption of, or interference with, the normal operations of the College.
2. During interim suspension, a student shall be denied access to the residence halls and/or to the campus (including classes) and/or all other collegiate activities or privileges for which the student might otherwise be eligible, as the Director of Student Life may determine is appropriate.

3. The interim suspension does not replace the regular process, which shall proceed on a normal schedule, up to and through a Disciplinary Hearing, if required.

Appeals

Any student who feels an error has been made by the Judicial Board or an administrative hearing officer may appeal for a new hearing to the Disciplinary Appeals Panel within five (5) academic days of the decision. Untimely appeals will NOT be considered. Such appeals should be presented in writing and shall be delivered to the Director of Student Life. Appeals must be based on one or both of the following grounds:

1. Due process procedures were violated.
2. Prejudicial error was committed during the hearing which resulted in the student being denied a fair hearing.

If the Appeals Panel grants the appeal, the case will be referred to the Director of Student Life for a new hearing. The President will only hear appeals on cases which result in sanctions of College Suspension or College Expulsion.

Sexual Misconduct Policies

It is the policy of Eastern Oklahoma State College to promote a cooperative work and academic environment in which there exists mutual respect for all students, faculty and staff. Harassment of students based upon gender and/or sexual orientation is inconsistent with this objective and contrary to the College's non-discrimination policy. Acts of sexual misconduct are illegal under federal, state and local laws and will not be tolerated within the College. The College will follow procedures that will ensure that allegations of sexual misconduct are thoroughly investigated. Students who believe they have been harassed under this policy are strongly encouraged to report the allegations of sexual misconduct to the Director of Student Life as promptly as possible.

Delay in making a complaint of sexual misconduct may make it more difficult for the College to investigate the allegations. A student may also report the incident to:

Tina Ray
Title IX Coordinator
Library 156
918-465-1810

It is a violation of the college policy for any member of the College community to engage in sexual harassment or to retaliate against any member of the college community for raising an allegation for sexual harassment, for filing a complaint alleging sexual harassment or for participating in any proceeding to determine if sexual harassment has occurred

Procedures for Reporting Sexual Assault

In the event of a sexual assault, the victim is encouraged to report the crime to Campus Police, if the crime occurred on campus, or to the appropriate authority if the crime occurred off campus. Victims should take care to preserve evidence of a sexual assault, which is of paramount importance in offering proof of the crime. For example, victims should not bathe or wash their clothing. The victim of

a sexual assault also should seek medical attention. To aid in their investigation and to gather information necessary to apprehend the assailant, Campus Police will interview the victim.

EOSC has trained police officers who are ready to assist victims of sexual assault and sexual battery 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Victims of Sexual Assault or Sexual Battery may call the EOSC Campus Police at 918-448-2365 to report the crime. Officers will then take an initial report, secure any evidence, begin an investigation, and contact Campus officials.

Prosecution of the assailant is a matter for the victim to consider apart from reporting the crime. The information will be treated with the confidentiality afforded any victim of crime. Students also may report the crime to staff within the residence halls, the Director of Student Life, or to other EOSC staff who shall inform the Campus Police and Student Affairs. Student Services staff can assist victims with filing criminal charges.

Anyone can report any instances of sexual harassment and sexual violence, as well as other crimes or violations of the Student Code of Conduct, to the Director of Student Life in the Student Center 208 or at 918-465-1818. A complaint should be filed as soon as possible, preferably within 180 calendar days of the incident. A complaint can be filed by calling or going online to:

<https://www.eosc.edu/complaint>

If either the victim or the accused are students, the incident will be addressed through the Director of Student Life Office process once a complaint is filed.

EOSC strongly encourages individuals to report any instance of sexual harassment and sexual violence to the police.

Prosecution of the assailant is a matter for the victim to consider apart from reporting the crime. The information will be treated with the confidentiality afforded any victim of crime. Students also may report the crime to staff within the residence halls, the Office of the Director of Student Life, or to other EOSC staff who shall inform the Campus Police.

DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES IN CASES OF SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

In addition to addressing sexual assault through the criminal justice system, cases involving sexual misconduct may be assigned to the Director of Student Life or a Judicial Board. Individuals found guilty of sexual misconduct can face a number of sanctions including fines, disciplinary probation, residence hall reassignment or eviction, disciplinary suspension or expulsion. Further information regarding the disciplinary process may be obtained by contacting the Director of Student Life Office at 918-465-1818.

In addition to the disciplinary procedures described above, the following apply in cases of sexual misconduct: it is the policy of EOSC to provide the accuser and the accused the same opportunities to have others present during disciplinary proceedings. Requests to have others present should be made to the Director of Student Life.

It is also the policy of EOSC to inform both the accuser and accused of the outcome of any institutional disciplinary proceedings from a sex offense. This includes the institution's final

determination and sanctions, if any, against the accused. The Office of Student Services shall coordinate this notification.

In cases of alleged sexual misconduct, the accuser shall have the right to request changes in their academic and living situations, if such changes are reasonably available. The Office of Student Services will receive, review, and process all such requests.

SEX OFFENSES, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, AND STALKING

EOSC does not tolerate or condone any form of sexual misconduct, whether that misconduct is physical, mental, or emotional in nature. This includes, but is not limited to, rape, (including date or acquaintance rape) or sexual assault. In instances where there is reason to believe that EOSC policy prohibiting sexual misconduct has been violated, the college will pursue disciplinary action. A victim of sexual misconduct may elect to pursue the concern through the state criminal justice system as well as the college's Director of Student Life Office system. EOSC sanctions may include warnings, probation, restrictions, suspension or expulsion.

Sexual assault is defined as having sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without the consent of that person. Consent is defined as positive cooperation due to an exercise of free will.

Registered Sex Offender information can be found at:

<http://sors.doc.state.ok.us/svor/f?p=106:5:1580178318365656::NO::>

Sexual Battery

Sexual Battery is the act of making unwanted and sexually offensive contact with an intimate body part of another person or which cause an immediate apprehension in the other person that such an act will occur. Intimate body parts include sexual organs, the anus, the groin or buttocks of any person and the breasts of a female. Battery includes situations in which the accused engages in the contacts described with a person who is incapable of giving consent or resisting due to alcohol or drugs

Sexual Assault

Sexual assaults are also crimes under state law and are punishable by fines and/or imprisonment. Sexual Battery and Sexual Assault are both serious violations of Eastern's student judicial code, faculty standards, and Staff employee policies. In addition, these actions are subject to civil suit for damages. Sexual assault is defined as any unwanted touching of a sexual nature.

This includes, but is not limited to:

- Unwanted kissing, touching, or fondling
- Penetration with a finger or a foreign object
- Rape (vaginal intercourse)
- Sodomy (oral-genital contact, anal intercourse)

These acts constitute sexual assault when they are attempted or committed through force, threat, or intimidation; when the perpetrator has been informed that his/her actions are unwanted: or through the use of the victim's incapacity or helplessness caused by alcohol or other drugs (e.g., when the

victim is too intoxicated to consent). Alcohol or other drug use by the perpetrator does not diminish his or her responsibility for the assault.

There are other forms of sexual misconduct that are not only offensive, but also are against the law. This includes obscene phone calls, "flashing" or indecent exposure, and voyeurism or "Peeping Tom" behaviors. Victims of these actions are often traumatized.

Perpetrators of these crimes often progress to more serious sexual assaults.

Oklahoma has some of the toughest laws in the nation on sexual battery. While normally a misdemeanor in other states, it is a felony in Oklahoma, punishable by up to 10 years in state prison. Under Title 21, Section 1123 (b) of the Oklahoma Statutes, the definition of sexual battery is:

B. No person shall commit sexual battery on any other person. "Sexual battery" shall mean the intentional touching, mauling or feeling of the body or private parts of any person sixteen (16) years of age or older, in a lewd and lascivious manner and without the consent of that person or when committed by a state, county, municipal or political subdivision employee or a contractor or an employee of a contractor of the state, a county, a municipality or political subdivision of this state upon a person who is under the legal custody, supervision or authority of a state agency, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision of this state.

C. Any person convicted of a violation of subsection B of this section shall be deemed guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for not more than ten (10) years.

Note:

A conviction of Sexual Battery will also result in the person being required to register as a sex offender with the Oklahoma Sex Offender Registry- and stay registered for the rest of their lives.

Sexual Harassment

Sexual Harassment is unwanted, unwelcome, and repeated behavior of a sexual nature. Prohibited sexual harassment includes, but is not limited to, unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other verbal, visual or physical conduct of a sexual nature made by someone from, or in, the work or education setting when:

1. It is implicitly or explicitly suggested that submission to or rejection of the conduct will be a factor in academic or employment decisions or evaluations, or permission to participate in a college activity; or
2. The conduct has the purpose or effect of interfering with an individual's academic or work performance, or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive academic, work or student living environment.

Stalking

Stalking can be defined as a pattern of repeated and unwanted attention, harassment, contact, or any other course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to feel fear.

Stalking can include:

1. Repeated, unwanted, intrusive, and frightening communications from the perpetrator by phone, mail, and/or email.
2. Repeatedly leaving or sending victim unwanted items, presents, or flowers.
3. Following or laying in wait for the victim at places such as home, school, work, or recreation place.
4. Making direct or indirect threats to harm the victim, the victim's children, relatives, friends, or pets.
5. Damaging or threatening to damage the victim's property
6. Harassing victim via the internet, social networking sites, or other electronic means.
7. Posting information or spreading rumors about the victim on the internet, in a public place, or by word of mouth.
8. Obtaining personal information about the victim by accessing public records, using internet search services, hiring private investigators, going through the victim's garbage, following the victim, contacting victim's friends, family work, or neighbors, etc.

Stalking is **SERIOUS** and potentially dangerous behavior. It should not be taken lightly or ignored, as the incidents may escalate in the frequency, severity, and level of intrusion/discomfort. Being stalked can be an exhausting, terrifying, and annoying experience. Unfortunately, in stalking cases, the victim - and not the stalker- may be forced to make changes in their behavior. It's not fair, and most people don't like hearing this. However, if you want to protect yourself and your loved ones, it may be necessary to make some temporary or long-term adjustments to prevent the stalker from threatening your privacy and safety.

Although you may feel compelled (or angered) enough to confront the stalker, this is usually counter-productive as it ultimately gives them what they want (contact with the victim) and potentially aggravates the problem and increases the likelihood of violence. It is important to seek help and utilize your resources to regain your sense of normalcy and maintain your right to feel safe.

National facts:

- 96,122 women were either raped or victims of attempted rape in the United States in 1998. (1998 Uniform crime Report, Federal Bureau of Investigation)
- 25,390 males and 307,110 females over the age of 12 reported being raped in the U.S. (1998, National Bureau of Statistics)
- In the United States, 1.3 women are raped every minute. That results in 78 rapes each hour, 1,872 rapes each day, 56,160 rapes each month, and 683,280 rapes every year. (1992, National Victim Center)
- Teens ages 16 to 19 were three and one-half times more likely than the general population to be victims of rape, attempted rape or sexual assault. (National Crime Victimization Survey, 1996)

Key public health issues:

- Victims often are blamed for the assault perpetrated against them.
- A shortage of services for victims, particularly in SE Oklahoma, further discourages victims from reporting the crime or seeking assistance.
- The client records of sexual assault programs are not legally protected as privileged communication, and may be subpoenaed by the courts. This can be devastating to a victim.
- Very few rehabilitation programs exist for perpetrators, so those who are convicted may rape again after release from prison or probation.

EOSC has trained police officers who are ready to assist victims of sexual assault and sexual battery 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Victims of Sexual Assault or Sexual Battery may call the EOSC Campus Police at 911, ext. 718 or 918-448-2365 to report the crime. Officers will then take an initial report, secure any evidence, begin an investigation, and contact Campus officials.

Students, Faculty, and Staff should become familiar with the rules and regulations in their respective manuals concerning relationships, sexual harassment, and complaints.

The Federal Campus Sexual Assault Victims' Bill of Rights is as follows:

- Survivors shall be notified of their options to notify law enforcement.
- Accuser and accused must have the same opportunity to have others present.
- Both parties shall be informed of the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding.
- Survivors shall be notified of counseling services.
- Survivors shall be notified of options for changing academic and living situations.

Programs concerning sexual assault include sessions of freshman orientation, periodic emails, flyers, brochures, etc. Sexual Assault education programs are available through the campus police department. Campus Police partners with Choctaw Nations Project Safe and DHS to provide training to employees and students concerning sexual assault and domestic violence each. Campus Police will sponsor a minimum of one training on each semester.

Procedures for Reporting Sexual Assault

In the event of a sexual assault, the victim is encouraged to report the crime to Campus Police, if the crime occurred on campus or to the appropriate authority if the crime occurred off campus. Victims should take care to preserve evidence of a sexual assault, which is of paramount importance in offering proof of the crime. For example, victims should not bathe or wash their clothing. The victim of a sexual assault also should seek medical attention. To aid in their investigation and to gather information necessary to apprehend the assailant, Campus Police will interview the victim.

Domestic Violence

EOSC prohibits the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, as defined in the "Definitions" section on Page 26.

Domestic violence is a serious community problem which affects individuals of all races, religions, sexual orientations, and socio-economic backgrounds. It impacts people of all ages including seniors and juveniles.

The EOSC Police Department agrees to respond to acts of domestic violence as crimes. Victims of domestic violence will be treated with respect and dignity and will be given all available assistance by law enforcement personnel responding to an incident of domestic violence.

The Domestic Violence Protocol for Law Enforcement provides guidelines and establishes standards for public safety call takers, dispatchers, first responders and investigators in handling domestic violence incidents. The Protocol seeks to interpret and apply statutory and case law relating to domestic violence incident response and investigation. Particular attention is given to protecting

victims of domestic violence, including children, other members of the household and pets, through enforcement of restraining orders, medical care, and working with support agencies to provide alternate shelter, relocation services, counseling and legal services. Local agency training programs and materials will supplement information provided in the Protocol.

Felony

1. An arrest shall be made in the event that there is probable cause to believe that a felony has occurred. All suspects arrested should be booked into the County Jail or Juvenile Hall. A pro-arrest policy should be implemented by all agencies.
2. If an officer has probable cause to believe that a felony has occurred, an arrest shall be made irrespective of whether the officer believes the offense may ultimately be prosecuted as a misdemeanor.

Misdemeanor

1. The suspect shall be arrested in the event that a misdemeanor domestic violence incident occurs in the officer's presence. Such situations include, but are not limited to, an officer who witnesses an act of domestic violence, a violation of a verifiable restraining order or illegal possession of a weapon.
2. When a misdemeanor domestic violence assault or battery has been committed outside the officer's presence, and the victim is the suspect's spouse, former spouse, cohabitant, former cohabitant, fiancée, parent of his or her child, or a person with whom the suspect has had or is having an engagement relationship or a current or prior dating relationship, a peace officer may arrest the suspect without the need of a private person's arrest. This will also apply if the assault or battery involved a person age 65 or older where the elderly victim is related to the suspect by blood or legal guardianship

An arrest shall be made if the officer has probable cause to believe that the suspect has violated a domestic violence protective order, restraining order, emergency protective order, or elder abuse/dependent adult protective order, even when the crime did not occur in the officer's presence

Upon completion the officer will provide the victim with a safe line card and make appropriate contacts as individual needs dictate.

EOSC further prohibits the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, as defined under Oklahoma law, set forth in the attached Appendix A.

Victim Information

If you are a victim of sexual violence, you are not alone and you are in no way responsible for your assault.

Definition of Consent

Effective Consent is:

- informed;
- freely and actively given;
- mutually understandable words or actions; and
- indicates a willingness to participate in mutually agreed upon sexual activity.

What to do if you are a Victim of Sexual Violence

- a. If you are not safe and need immediate help, call the police. If the incident happened on campus, call the EOSC Campus Police Department at 918-465-1718. If the incident occurred elsewhere in Wilburton, call the Wilburton Police Department at 918-465-5371. If the incident happened anywhere else, call the law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction in the location where it occurred.
- b. Do what you need to do to feel safe. Go to a safe place or contact someone with whom you are comfortable.
- c. You can call 800-656-HOPE (4673) to get advice and discuss options for how to proceed.
- d. Do not shower, bathe, douche, change or destroy clothes, eat, drink, smoke, chew gum, take any medications or straighten the room or place of the incident. Preserving evidence is critical for criminal prosecution. Although you may not want to prosecute immediately after the incident, that choice will not be available without credible evidence. The evidence collected can also be useful in the campus conduct process.
- e. Go to the Latimer County General Hospital to receive care for any physical injuries that may have occurred. While in the emergency room, treatment will be provided for sexually transmitted diseases and to prevent pregnancy. Latimer County General Hospital does not have a SANE nurse on site. Accommodations will be made to transfer you to the closest SANE nurse facility.
- f. If you call 800-656-HOPE (4673), a sexual assault nurse examiner (SANE), a police officer and a rape volunteer advocate will be sent to the exam site or you will be transported to them.
- g. Upon arrival at Latimer County General Hospital, you will be taken to a private exam area. The nurse, advocate and police officer will be directed to this same location. You will be examined to treat any injuries and to gather evidence.
- h. The rape advocate will support you throughout the entire exam, which will be performed by the nurse. The advocate will provide a packet of written materials that contains information about common reactions to rape, follow-up medical needs and support services.
- i. If you call 800-349-7062 Ext. 6917 you can reach the local Sexual Assault Response Team.

On and Off Campus Resources

Sexual violence can be very emotionally disruptive, and it takes time to come to terms with such a major stress. In addition to support that may be found in family and friends, the following agencies and departments can serve as resources for you.

It is important to be aware that different individuals who you may contact for assistance following an incident may have different responsibilities regarding confidentiality, depending on their position. Under state law, some individuals can assure the victim of confidentiality, including counselors and certified victims' advocates. In general, however, any other institution employee cannot guarantee complete confidentiality, unless specifically provided by law. As is the case with all colleges and universities, EOSC must balance the needs of the individual victim with an obligation to protect the safety and well-being of the community at large.

Victim Advocate - Confidential Reporting Option

The Victim Advocate can confidentially provide students with information about on and off campus resources available to victims.

Counseling Resources- Confidential Reporting Options

The Wilburton Health & Wellness Center

802 Hwy 2 North
Wilburton, OK 74578
Phone: 918-465-0005

Other Local Services Available To Victims- Non-Confidential Reporting Options

EOSC Campus Police Department

918-465-1718

Wilburton Police Department

918-465-5371

Director of Student Life Office

918-465-1818

Title IX Coordinator

918-465-1810

Medical Services

It's important to have a thorough medical examination after a sexual assault even if you do not have any apparent physical injuries. Medical providers can treat any injuries and provide tests for sexually transmitted diseases.

Latimer County General Hospital (off-campus)

806 Hwy 2 South
Wilburton, OK 74578
Phone 918-465-2391

Interim Measures

The Director of Student Life Office and the Title IX Coordinator can put in place interim measures for student victims of sexual violence as needed. A formal complaint does not need to be submitted to have interim measures put in place. EOSC will maintain as confidential any interim measures provided as long as it does not impair the ability to provide the interim measures.

- a. **Assistance in Reporting:** The Director of Student Life Office can assist you in filing a complaint with the institution conduct process and the appropriate law enforcement agencies against the student(s) who caused harm.
- b. **No Contact Order:** The Director of Student Life Office can put in place a No Contact Order between the complainant and the respondent, which would prohibit contact between both parties through any means of communication, as well as not having others make contact on their behalf.
- c. **Emergency Protective Order:** The Director of Student Life Office can assist you in filing for an Emergency Protective Order in court. This is a court-ordered petition that prohibits contact between the complainant and respondent.

- d. **Safety Measures:** The Director of Student Life Office can coordinate any reasonable arrangements that are necessary for your ongoing safety. This includes transportation arrangements or providing an escort.
- e. **Living Arrangements:** The Director of Student Life Office can assist in changing your on-campus living arrangements or that of the accused to ensure safety and a comfortable living situation.
- f. **Academic Arrangements:** The Director of Student Life Office can assist in adjusting your academic schedule or that of the accused as well as assist in providing access to academic support services.
- g. **Other Interim Measures:** The Director of Student Life Office can coordinate any reasonable arrangements to address the effects of the sexual violence on you, including connecting you with counseling, health care or academic support resources.

When The Director of Student Life Office becomes aware of a student who potentially could have been a victim of sexual violence, they will contact the victim in writing through EOSC email to share these interim measures, reporting options and other resources available. This will be done no matter the location of the incident.

Reporting

All forms of sexual violence should be reported, no matter the severity. EOSC's primary concern is safety; therefore individuals should not be deterred in reporting even if the use of alcohol or other drugs was involved.

EOSC encourages victims of sexual violence to talk to someone about what happened so they can receive support and so that the institution can respond appropriately. EOSC offers both confidential reporting and non-confidential reporting options. It is important to be aware that different individuals who victims can contact for assistance following an incident may have different responsibilities regarding confidentiality, depending on their position. Under state law, some individuals can assure a victim of confidentiality, including counselors and certified victims' advocates. In general, however, any other institution employee cannot guarantee complete confidentiality, unless specifically provided by law. As is the case with all colleges and universities, the institution must balance the needs of the individual victim with an obligation to protect the safety and well-being of the community at large.

Different employees on campus have different abilities to maintain a victim's request for confidentiality.

- Some are required to maintain near complete confidentiality; talking to them is sometimes called a "privileged communication."
- Other employees may talk to a victim in confidence, and generally report only that an incident occurred without revealing any personally identifying information. Disclosures to these employees will not trigger an institution investigation into an incident against the victim's wishes. This report is done through a Clery Report and does not include the victim's name or other identifying information.
- Thirdly, some employees are required to report all the details of an incident (including the identities of both the victim and alleged perpetrator) to the Title IX Coordinator.

A. Confidential Reporting Options

Confidential reporting options provide students with the ability to confidentially report and discuss an instance of sexual violence without their information being shared with others. Please note confidential reporting limits the institution's ability to respond to incidents.

<https://www.eosc.edu/complaint>

Professional Counselors

Professional and licensed counselors who provide mental health counseling (including those who act in that role under the supervision of a licensed counselor) are not required to report any information about an incident to the Title IX coordinator without a victim's permission. These individuals are also not required by the Clery Act to report.

B. Non-Confidential Reporting Options

The Clery Act requires all other employees (excluding counselors and Victim Advocate) who become aware of an instance of sexual violence to report the instance to EOSC Police. The victim's name should not be reported to the police without the victim's permission. The report should include the nature, date, time, and general location of an incident. This is a limited report which includes no information that would directly or indirectly identify the victim. This allows for the institution to track patterns, evaluate the program, and develop appropriate campus-wide responses.

When an instance of sexual violence is reported to a "responsible employee" the reporter can expect the incident will be reported to the Title IX Coordinator or The Director of Student Life Office. A responsible employee must report to the Title IX Coordinator or The Director of Student Life Office all relevant details about the alleged sexual harassment or sexual violence shared by the victim including names, date, time and specific location of the alleged incident.

To the extent possible, information reported to a responsible employee will be shared only with people responsible for handling the institution's response to the report.

A "responsible employee" is an employee who has the authority to redress sexual violence, who has the duty to report incidents of sexual violence or other student misconduct, or who a student could reasonably believe has this authority or duty. Examples include but are not limited to faculty members, advisors, employees in student services offices and anyone in a supervisory role.

When a victim tells a responsible employee about an incident of sexual violence, the victim has the right to expect the institution will investigate the alleged sexual violence, end any sexual violence, prevent the sexual violence from reoccurring, and educate on sexual violence.

Before a victim reveals any information to a responsible employee, the employee should ensure that the victim understands the employee's reporting obligations and if the victim wants to maintain confidentiality, then the student should be directed to a confidential resource. Employees and Students can learn more about interacting with a victim of sexual violence at:

<https://www.notalone.gov/assets/ferpa-clerychart.pdf>

<https://www.eosc.edu/knowmore>

Requests for Confidentiality from a Non-Confidential Reporter

If a victim discloses an incident to a responsible employee but wishes to maintain confidentiality or requests that no investigation into a particular incident be conducted or conduct action taken, EOSC must weigh that request against the obligation to provide a safe environment for all students, including the victim.

If the institution honors the request for confidentiality, a victim must understand that the institution's ability to meaningfully investigate and respond to the incident may be limited.

Although rare, there are times when the College may not be able to honor a victim's request in order to provide a safe environment for all students.

When weighing a victim's request for confidentiality or that no investigation or conduct process be pursued, the following will be considered:

- The increased risk that the alleged respondent will commit additional acts of sexual or other violence, such as:
 - whether there have been other sexual violence complaints about the same alleged respondent;
 - whether the alleged respondent has a history of arrests or records from a prior school indicating a history of violence;
 - whether the alleged respondent threatened further sexual violence or other violence against the victim or others;
 - whether the sexual violence was committed by multiple respondents;
 - whether the sexual violence was perpetrated with a weapon;
 - whether the victim is a minor;
 - whether the institution possesses other means to obtain relevant information of the sexual violence (e.g., security cameras or personnel, physical evidence);
 - whether the victim's report reveals a pattern of perpetration (e.g., via illicit use of drugs or alcohol) at a given location or by a particular group.

The presence of one or more of these factors could lead the institution to investigate and, if appropriate, pursue conduct action. If none of these factors is present, the institution will likely respect the victim's request for confidentiality.

If it is determined that the institution cannot maintain a victim's confidentiality, the institution will inform the victim prior to starting an investigation. EOSC will remain ever mindful of the victim's well-being, and will take ongoing steps to protect the victim from retaliation or harm and work with the victim to create a safety plan. The institution may not require a victim to participate in any investigation or conduct process. Retaliation against the victim, whether by students or institution employees, will not be tolerated.

Reporting to the Police

EOSC strongly encourages individuals to report sexual violence and any other criminal offenses to the police. This does not commit you to prosecute but will allow the gathering of information and evidence. The information and evidence preserve future options regarding criminal prosecution, institution conduct actions and/or civil actions against the perpetrator.

If the incident happened on campus, it can be reported to the EOSC Campus Police Department in Wilburton, 1301 W. Main in Choctaw Hall 124 or at 918-465-1718. If the incident occurred elsewhere in Wilburton, it can be reported to the Wilburton Police Department at 111 N Central Ave, Wilburton, OK 74578 or at (918) 465-5371. If the incident happened anywhere else, it can be reported to the local law enforcement with jurisdiction in the location where it occurred.

Please know that the information you report can be helpful in supporting other reports and preventing further incidents.

Report to Student Services

Anyone can report any instances of sexual violence to The Director of Student Life Office at 1301 W. Main Wilburton or at 918-465-1818. A complaint should be filed as soon as possible, preferably within 180 calendar days of the incident. A complaint can be filed online at: <http://www.eosc.edu/complaint>.

If either the victim or the accused is a student, the incident will be addressed through the Director of Student Life Office process once a complaint is filed.

Additionally, as stated above, EOSC strongly encourages individuals to report any instance of sexual violence to the police.

MISSING STUDENT NOTIFICATION

In accordance with Section 485 of the Higher Education Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1092(j), EOSC has developed this investigation and notification policy regarding students who reside in campus housing and have been reported as missing.

MISSING PERSON

This Policy, with its accompanying procedures, establishes a framework for cooperation among members of the EOSC Campus community aimed at locating and assisting residential housing students who are reported missing. A student shall be deemed missing when he or she is absent from the College for more than 24 hours without any known reason. All reports of missing students shall be directed to EOSC Campus Police who shall investigate each report and make a determination whether the student is missing in accordance with this policy. All students shall have the opportunity to identify an individual to be notified by the college in case a student is determined to be missing. This information will be registered confidentially and will be accessible only to authorized campus officials. It will not be disclosed except to law enforcement personnel in furtherance of a missing person investigation.

If a missing student is under 18 years of age, EOSC Campus Police is required to notify the parent or guardian of the missing student not later than 24 hours after the determination by Campus Police that the student is missing. Campus Police will also notify local law enforcement agencies not later than 24 hours after it determines that the student is missing. The Residence Life Coordinator shall have the responsibility to make provisions of this policy and the procedures set forth below available to all residential housing students. Students will have the opportunity to identify emergency contact

persons of choice. Contact information will be registered confidentially, that this information will be accessible only to authorized campus officials, and that it may not be disclosed, except to law enforcement personnel in furtherance of a missing person investigation.

Procedure

1. Any report of a missing student, from whatever source, should immediately be directed to Campus Police.
2. When a student is reported missing Campus Police shall:
3. Initiate an investigation to determine the validity of the missing person report.
4. Contact the Director of Student Life.
5. Make a determination as to the status of the missing student.
6. Notify the individual identified by the missing student as the emergency contact within 24 hours of making a determination that the student is missing.
7. If the missing student is under the age of 18, notify the student's custodial parent or guardian as contained in college records within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing.
8. Notify the local law enforcement agencies within 24 hours after determining that the student is missing.
9. The President or his designee shall initiate whatever action he or she deems appropriate under the circumstances in the best interest of the missing student.

CONTACT INFORMATION

Campus Police	918-465-1718
Chief of Campus Police	918-465-1739
Director of Student Life Office/Student Services	918-465-1818
Title IX Coordinator, Tina Ray	918-465-1810

Human Services Centers: LeFlore/Latimer

Address: 511 S. Harper
Poteau, OK 74953
Phone: (918) 649-2300 1-800-493-7960
Fax: (918) 649-2481

SANE NURSE

Choctaw Nation Healthcare Center
One Choctaw Way Talihina, OK 74571
(918)567-7000 or (800)349-7026



ANNUAL FIRE SAFETY REPORT

Fires - Summary

Summary of Fires

Name of Facility	2013			2014			2015		
	Fires	Injuries	Deaths	Fires	Injuries	Deaths	Fires	Injuries	Deaths
Apt. 12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Apt. 31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apt. 33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miller Hall	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Johnston Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Regents Court	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

For the 2015 year EOOSC had \$0 in Fire Property Damage

General Information

The Campus Chief of Police and Physical Plant Department are responsible for the investigation of fires that occur on campus to determine the origin and cause. The Campus Chief of Police acts as a liaison between the college and the local fire department on any matters relevant to fire safety and preparedness on campus. Persons can contact the Campus Chief of Police's Office at (918) 465-1739 or Physical Plant's Office at (918) 465-0801 for any general fire safety questions, perceived hazards or requests for services.

EOOSC takes a number of precautions to protect the safety of students living in residence halls. Learn about the policies regarding fire safety education and training programs provided to students and employees as well as rules on portable electrical appliances, smoking, and open flames in residence halls. This information on fire safety also includes emergency procedures for evacuation and a list of contacts for reporting a fire. Residence hall fires on college campuses are not uncommon. EOOSC has been fortunate in avoiding a residence hall fire that has caused injury or serious damage.

Definition of a Fire

For the purposes of fire safety reporting, HEA (Higher Education Act) defines a fire as any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.

This definition contains two descriptions of fire. The first is "any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning." Some examples are:

- Trash can fire.
- Oven or microwave fire.
- Burning oven mitt on a stove.
- Grease fire on a stovetop.
- Flame coming from electric extension cord.

- Burning wall hanging or poster.
- Fire in an overheated bathroom vent fan.
- Couch that is burning without any flame evident.

The second type of fire is “any instance of open flame or other burning in an uncontrolled manner.” Some examples are:

- Chimney fire.
- Gas stove fire.
- Fuel burner or boiler fire.

Included in Fire Report:

- All fires that meet the HEA definition regardless of:
 - Size.
 - Cause.
 - Whether the fire results in injury, death or property damage.
 - Your institution’s fire safety policies. Even if your institution prohibits the burning of candles in dorms, a lit candle doesn’t meet the definition of a fire. If drapes catch on fire due to brushing against a lit candle, the burning drapes meet the definition.
- Fires on the roof or the outside walls of a building even if the fire doesn’t reach the inside.
- An incident where there is evidence that there was burning, for example, a singed electrical cord.
- Fires in parking facilities and dining halls that are physically attached to and accessed directly from, on-campus student housing facilities. “Accessed directly from” means that an individual can enter the parking area directly from the housing area without leaving the building. Note that if there is a vehicle fire (i.e., a fire that is confined to a vehicle) in a student housing facility parking garage, this is not a student housing facility fire. However, if there is a fire in the garage that spreads to a vehicle, or if a vehicle fire spreads to the garage, this is a student housing facility fire.
- Fires reported to any official at your institution (e.g., to a residence life officer), not just campus fire authorities or campus security authorities.

FIRE LOG

EOSC maintains a written, easily understood fire log that records, by the date reported, any fire that occurs in an on-campus student housing facility. This log is available for viewing during business hours in Student Services, Room 208 of the Student Center. Fires are also logged on the daily crime report at EOSC.

The log includes:

- The date the fire was reported.
- The nature of the fire.
- The date and time of the fire.
- The general location of the fire.

Evacuation Procedures for Fires and Other Emergencies

Once a fire emergency is discovered, immediate response is essential to minimize loss of life and property. The knowledge of proper procedures to take in responding to the emergency is vital to properly handle the situation.

TO REPORT A FIRE CALL 911 IMMEDIATELY FROM ANY PHONE.

Whenever the fire alarm sounds, residents and all other occupants in residential housing must meet at the emergency evacuation safe location designated by the Residence Hall Staff. In the case of an actual fire or other emergency, students will be moved to a designated alternate shelter area until notified it is safe to return to the residence hall. Students should close their door as they leave their rooms. Students who do not vacate the building during the sounding of the alarm will be subject to disciplinary action.

Whenever a fire emergency occurs, the following procedures should be taken:

1. Stay calm, move quickly, and exit the building. In an orderly fashion, residents should go to the designated waiting area for further instructions.
2. Contact the local fire department by calling 911. The specific location of the emergency should be given to include the building and room number and the nature of the emergency. The reporting party should give their name and a call-back phone number.
3. Contact Campus Police or Student Services so that the proper departments can be notified about the emergency.
4. In case of smoke, keep a towel easily accessible for emergency use. Bring along your keys and student ID if possible.
5. Do not re-enter the building until it has been cleared by the proper authorities. If you are away from your room when the alarm sounds, do not return to your room.

Safety Measures

EOSC's safety specialists offer drills to simulate procedures in residence hall fire situations. This program is mandatory for students living in residence halls. In addition to the drills, residents are requested to complete an online fire safety course located at:

<http://www.oshatrain.org/courses/mods/718e.html>

At least one fire drill will be held each semester in each residence hall. All Residential Housing dorm rooms are equipped with smoke detectors located in the bedroom, each floor is equipped with a fire extinguisher located at each end of the hallway, and pull stations are located throughout the buildings. Johnston Hall is also equipped with sprinklers in the rooms, hallways, and stairwells. Campus apartments are equipped with smoke detectors and fire extinguishers. Regents Court apartments are equipped with smoke detectors in each room, fire extinguishers, and sprinklers. The Physical Plant Department conducts periodic fire alarm and fire extinguisher inspections in all dorm buildings and makes necessary repairs.

Fire Prevention Policies

- Fireworks or explosives are prohibited.
- Unauthorized appliances, candles or incendiary devices or liquids are prohibited.
- Deep fryers, toaster ovens, toasters, enclosed grills, open flames of any type or hot plates are prohibited.
- Smoking in the residence halls is prohibited, this includes vaping devices.
- Incense burning is prohibited.
- Open flame devices such as lanterns, candles, or warmers using votives or canned fuel are strictly prohibited in residential housing.
- Tampering with smoke detectors and fire extinguishers are prohibited.

EOSC strives to provide a safe and friendly environment for all of our campus community. To assist in this manner, several measures are taken. These include regular fire and life safety inspections in all campus facilities, various education programs targeted at specific groups (Hall Directors, Resident Advisors, etc) ongoing education and safety awareness, and the development of college rules and standard administrative procedures regarding fire safety.

Plans for Future Improvements In Fire Safety

Fire Safety has always been and continues to be a high priority at EOSC. We continue to assess what more can be done to:

- Assure a Fire Safe Environment
- Raise our Fire Preparedness and Prevention
- Renew the Fire Safety Instructions and Fire Evacuation Procedures
- Update Available Training and Information Toward these ends:

At minimum an annual review of the College's Fire Safety Policies and Procedures will be conducted. Inspections and tests of our Fire Systems will continue on a biannual schedule and any deficiencies will be corrected in accordance with the Oklahoma Fire Code.

Combustibles

If you use combustibles in decorating your room, such as fabrics, cardboard or similar materials, please ensure the items are flame-proof. Purchase only UL- or FM-approved material marked "flameproof" or "flame retardant."

Fire Drills and Training

4 Fire drills were conducted in calendar year 2015

Fire safety training is available through the campus police department in addition to student housing directors' regular initial move in instructional training. In each incident of drills students are directed as to the proper procedure for when and how to evacuate during a fire emergency and questions are answered concerning fire safety. Housing directors also provide training on avoidance of smoke inhalation and flame. EOSC plans to create and instruct new fire safety courses in the future. This will include interactive simulations during drills once the training courses are fully developed.

Fire Safety Equipment Abuse

Besides being an annoyance, a false fire alarm can endanger lives. Tampering with a fire alarm system or fire extinguishers, misuse or tampering with sprinkler systems and other fire safety equipment is a violation of Oklahoma law and the EOSC Student Code of Conduct. Anyone unnecessarily setting off or tampering with a fire alarm system, sprinkler system or fire extinguisher will be subject to judicial action, financial responsibility and/or referral to the civil authorities for prosecution under Oklahoma law (or all three). Revocation of housing contracts, removal from the residence halls and loss of housing fees will also be considered.

APPENDIX A

Definitions under Oklahoma law:

Dating violence is not defined in Oklahoma; however, violence against a person with whom the perpetrator is in a dating relationship is considered domestic violence, defined below. A **dating relationship** is defined as: a courtship or engagement relationship. For purposes of this act, a casual acquaintance or ordinary fraternization between persons in a business or social context shall not constitute a dating relationship.

22 Okla. Stat. § 60.1.

Domestic violence is not defined in Oklahoma law. However, the criminal definition of **domestic abuse** is defined as: Any person who commits any assault and battery against a current or former spouse, a present spouse of a former spouse, a former spouse of a present spouse, parents, a foster parent, a child, a person otherwise related by blood or marriage, a person with whom the defendant is or was in a dating relationship as defined by Section 60.1 of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes, an individual with whom the defendant has had a child, a person who formerly lived in the same household as the defendant, or a person living in the same household as the defendant shall be guilty of domestic abuse.

21 Okla. Stat. § 644.

Sexual assault:

- a. rape, or rape by instrumentation, as defined in Sections 1111, 1111.1 and 1114 of this title, or
- b. forcible sodomy, as defined in Section 888 of this title.

21 Okla. Stat. § 142.20.

Rape (as used in the definition for “sexual assault”):

A. Rape is an act of sexual intercourse involving vaginal or anal penetration accomplished with a male or female who is not the spouse of the perpetrator and who may be of the same or the opposite sex as the perpetrator under any of the following circumstances:

1. Where the victim is under sixteen (16) years of age;
2. Where the victim is incapable through mental illness or any other unsoundness of mind, whether temporary or permanent, of giving legal consent;
3. Where force or violence is used or threatened, accompanied by apparent power of execution to the victim or to another person;
4. Where the victim is intoxicated by a narcotic or anesthetic agent, administered by or with the privity of the accused as a means of forcing the victim to submit;
5. Where the victim is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act and this fact is known to the accused;
6. Where the victim submits to sexual intercourse under the belief that the person committing the act is a spouse, and this belief is induced by artifice, pretense, or concealment practiced by the accused or by the accused in collusion with the spouse with intent to induce that belief. In all cases of collusion

between the accused and the spouse to accomplish such act, both the spouse and the accused, upon conviction, shall be deemed guilty of rape;

7. Where the victim is under the legal custody or supervision of a state agency, a federal agency, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision and engages in sexual intercourse with a state, federal, county, municipal or political subdivision employee or an employee of a contractor of the state, the federal government, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision that exercises authority over the victim; or

8. Where the victim is at least sixteen (16) years of age and is less than twenty (20) years of age and is a student, or under the legal custody or supervision of any public or private elementary or secondary school, junior high or high school, or public vocational school, and engages in sexual intercourse with a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and is an employee of the same school system.

B. Rape is an act of sexual intercourse accomplished with a male or female who is the spouse of the perpetrator if force or violence is used or threatened, accompanied by apparent power of execution to the victim or to another person.

21 Okla. Stat. § 1111

Rape by instrumentation (as used in the definition of “sexual assault”):

Rape by instrumentation is an act within or without the bonds of matrimony in which any inanimate object or any part of the human body, not amounting to sexual intercourse is used in the carnal knowledge of another person without his or her consent and penetration of the anus or vagina occurs to that person. Provided, further, that at least one of the circumstances specified in Section 1111 of this title has been met; further, where the victim is at least sixteen (16) years of age and is less than twenty (20) years of age and is a student, or under the legal custody or supervision of any public or private elementary or secondary school, junior high or high school, or public vocational school, and engages in conduct prohibited by this section of law with a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and is an employee of the same school system, or where the victim is under the legal custody or supervision of a state or federal agency, county, municipal or a political subdivision and engages in conduct prohibited by this section of law with a federal, state, county, municipal or political subdivision employee or an employee of a contractor of the state, the federal government, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision that exercises authority over the victim, consent shall not be an element of the crime. Except for persons sentenced to life or life without parole, any person sentenced to imprisonment for two (2) years or more for a violation of this section shall be required to serve a term of post-imprisonment supervision pursuant to subparagraph f of paragraph 1 of subsection A of Section 991a of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes under conditions determined by the Department of Corrections. The jury shall be advised that the mandatory post-imprisonment supervision shall be in addition to the actual imprisonment.

21 Okla. Stat. § 1111.1.

Forcible sodomy (as used in the definition of “sexual assault”):

A. Any person who forces another person to engage in the detestable and abominable crime against nature, pursuant to Section 886 of this title, upon conviction, is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a period of not more than twenty (20) years. Except for persons sentenced to life or life without parole, any person sentenced to imprisonment for two (2) years or more for a violation of this subsection shall be required to serve a term of post-imprisonment supervision pursuant to subparagraph f of paragraph 1 of subsection A of

Section 991a of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes under conditions determined by the Department of Corrections. The jury shall be advised that the mandatory post-imprisonment supervision shall be in addition to the actual imprisonment. Any person convicted of a second violation of this section, where the victim of the second offense is a person under sixteen (16) years of age, shall not be eligible for probation, suspended or deferred sentence. Any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of this section, where the victim of the third or subsequent offense is a person under sixteen (16) years of age, shall be punished by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term of life or life without parole, in the discretion of the jury, or in case the jury fails or refuses to fix punishment then the same shall be pronounced by the court. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection after having been twice convicted of a violation of subsection A of Section 1114 of this title, a violation of Section 1123 of this title or sexual abuse of a child pursuant to Section 843.5 of this title, or of any attempt to commit any of these offenses or any combination of said offenses, shall be punished by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term of life or life without parole.

B. The crime of forcible sodomy shall include:

1. Sodomy committed by a person over eighteen (18) years of age upon a person under sixteen (16) years of age; or
2. Sodomy committed upon a person incapable through mental illness or any unsoundness of mind of giving legal consent regardless of the age of the person committing the crime; or
3. Sodomy accomplished with any person by means of force, violence, or threats of force or violence accompanied by apparent power of execution regardless of the age of the victim or the person committing the crime; or
4. Sodomy committed by a state, county, municipal or political subdivision employee or a contractor or an employee of a contractor of the state, a county, a municipality or political subdivision of this state upon a person who is under the legal custody, supervision or authority of a state agency, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision of this state; or
5. Sodomy committed upon a person who is at least sixteen (16) years of age but less than twenty (20) years of age and is a student of any public or private secondary school, junior high or high school, or public vocational school, with a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and is employed by the same school system.

21 Okla. Stat. § 888.

Stalking:

Any person who willfully, maliciously, and repeatedly follows or harasses another person in a manner that:

1. Would cause a reasonable person or a member of the immediate family of that person as defined in subsection F of this section to feel frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested; and
2. Actually causes the person being followed or harassed to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested, upon conviction, shall be guilty of the crime of stalking, which is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one (1) year or by a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment

F. For purposes of this section:

1. "Harasses" means a pattern or course of conduct directed toward another individual that includes, but is not limited to, repeated or continuing unconsented contact, that would cause a reasonable person to suffer emotional distress, and that actually causes emotional distress to the victim. Harassment shall include harassing or obscene phone calls as prohibited by Section 1172 of this title and conduct prohibited by Section 850 of this title. Harassment does not include constitutionally protected activity or conduct that serves a legitimate purpose;
2. "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed of a series of two (2) or more separate acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of "course of conduct";
3. "Emotional distress" means significant mental suffering or distress that may, but does not necessarily require, medical or other professional treatment or counseling;
4. "Unconsented contact" means any contact with another individual that is initiated or continued without the consent of the individual, or in disregard of that individual's expressed desire that the contact be avoided or discontinued. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of unconsented contact. Unconsented contact includes but is not limited to any of the following:
 - a. following or appearing within the sight of that individual,
 - b. approaching or confronting that individual in a public place or on private property,
 - c. appearing at the workplace or residence of that individual,
 - d. entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased, or occupied by that individual,
 - e. contacting that individual by telephone,
 - f. sending mail or electronic communications to that individual, and
 - g. placing an object on, or delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or occupied by that individual; and
5. "Member of the immediate family", for the purposes of this section, means any spouse, parent, child, person related within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity or any other person who regularly resides in the household or who regularly resided in the household within the prior six (6) months.

21 Okla. Stat. § 1173.

If you have any questions pertaining to this report please feel free to contact our campus police at 918-465-1718 or Chief Bryan Denny at 918-465-1739.